THE GETTYSBURG COMPILER,
A Democratic Family Journal,
IS PUBLISHED EVERY MONDAY MORNING,
BY HENRY J. STAHLE.

"Truth is Mighty, and Will Prevail."

TERMS OF PUBLICATION.—$2 00 per annum, if paid strictly IN ADVANCE—$2 50 per annum if not paid in advance. No subscription discontinued, unless at the option of the publisher, until all arrearges are paid,

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at usual rates.

JOB PRINTING of all kinds done with neatness and dispatch.

OFFICE in South Baltimore street, between Middle and High, near the Post Office—"Compiler Printing Office" on the sign.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

WM. A. DUNCAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will promptly attend to all legal business entrusted to him, including the procuring of Pensions, Bounty, Back Pay, and all other claims against the United States and State Governments.

Office in North-west corner of Diamond, Gettysburg, Penn'a.

April 15, 1867. tf

D. McCONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, (Office one door west of Buehler's drug and book store, Chambersburg street,) ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR FOR PATENTS AND PENSIONS. Bounty Land Warrants, Back-pay, suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D. C.; also American Claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given. Agents engaged in locating warrants in Iowa, Illinois and other western States. ☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 21, '53.

J. C. NEELY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Particular attention paid to collection of Pensions, Bounty and Back-pay. Office in the S. E. corner of the Diamond.

Gettysburg, April 6, 1863, tf

EDWARD B. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, Will faithfully and promptly attend to all business entrusted to him. He speaks the German language. Office at the same place, in South Baltimore street, near Forney's drug store, and nearly opposite Danner & Ziegler's store.

Gettysburg, March 20.

Dr. T. O. KINZER,

HAVING LOCATED PERMANENTLY AT BONAUGHTOWN, ADAMS COUNTY, Will attend promptly to all professional calls, day or night. Office at John Landis's, where he can always be found, unless professionally engaged.

Aug. 6, 1866. 1y

Dr. F. C. WOLF,

HAVING LOCATED AT EAST BERLIN, ADAMS COUNTY, Hopes that by strict attention to his professional duties he may merit a share of the public patronage.

April 2, 1866. tf

Dr. COOK,

HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Having permanently located in Hanover, Pa., respectfully offers his professional services to the public. Special attention given to diseases of women and children.

REFERENCES.
Prof. Ad. Lippe, M. D., Philadelphia,
" J. C. Morgan, M. D., "
Wm. H. Cook, M. D., Carlisle, Pa.,
Hon. Edward McPherson, Gettysburg, Pa.,
David Wills, Esq., "
Rev. J. A. Rose, Hanover, Pa.

☞Office on the Square, five doors west of Carlisle street, second door from Central Hotel.

April 15, 1867. 1y

Dr. J. W. C. O'NEALS

OFFICE AND DWELLING, A few doors from the N. E. corner of Baltimore and High streets, near the Presbyterian Church, Gettysburg, Pa.

April 15, 1867.

Dr. W. J. McCLURE,

PHYSICIAN, SURGEON AND ACCOUCHEUR, Having permanently located in New Oxford, will *practice his profession in all its branches.* His friends and all others desiring his professional services are requested to call and consult him at his office, in Hanover street.

May 20, 1867. tf

Dr. D. S. PEFFER,

ABBOTTSTOWN, ADAMS COUNTY, Continues the practice of his profession in all its branches, and would respectfully invite all persons afflicted with any old standing diseases to call and consult him.

Oct. 3, 1864. tf

J. LAWRENCE HILL, M. D.,

DENTIST, Has his office one door west of the Lutheran church in Chambersburg street, and opposite Dr. G. Horner's office, where those wishing to have any Dental Operation performed are respectfully invited to call. REFERENCES: Drs. Horner, Rev. H. L. Baugher, D. D., Rev. Prof. M. Jacobs, D. D., Prof. M. L. Stoever.

Gettysburg, April 11, 53.

RAILROAD HOUSE,

NEAR THE STATION,

HANOVER, YORK COUNTY PA.,

THE undersigned would respectfully inform his numerous friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Hotel in Hanover, near the Depot, formerly kept by Mr. Jeremiah Kohler, and will spare no effort to render it in a manner that will give general satisfaction. His table will have the best the markets can afford—his chambers are spacious and comfortable—and he has laid in for his bar a full stock of choice wines and liquors. There is stabling for horses attached to the Hotel. It will be his constant endeavor to render the fullest satisfaction to his guests, making his house as near a home to them as possible. He asks a share of the public patronage, determined as he is to deserve a large part of it. Remember, the "Globe Inn" is in York street, but near the Diamond, or Public Square.

SAMUEL WOLF.

April 4, 1864. tf

STEVENS HOUSE,

21, 23, 25 AND 27 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, Opposite Bowling Green,

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

THE STEVENS HOUSE is well and widely known to the travelling public. The location especially suitable to merchants and business men; it is in close proximity to the business part of the city—is on the highway of Southern and Western travel—and adjacent to all the principal Railroad and Steamboat depots.

THE STEVENS HOUSE has liberal accommodation for over 300 guests—it is well furnished, and possesses every modern improvement for the comfort and entertainment of its inmates. The rooms are spacious and well ventilated—provided with gas and water—the attendance is prompt and respectful—and the table is generously provided with every delicacy of the season—at moderate rates. GEO. K. CHASE & CO.,

July 1, 1867. 6m Proprietors.

DRAINAGE PIPES.

THE undersigned has now on hand, and continues to manufacture, large quantities of EATHEN DRAINAGE PIPES, which he offers at 9 cents per foot at the manufactory or in Gettysburg. If desired, he will lay the pipes either watertight or loose-jointed, at a reasonable compensation. They have been tried in different parts of the county, with entire success. For the drainage of cellars, &c., nothing better can be used. Specimens may be seen at Kalbfleisch's store, in Gettysburg.

The manufactory is in Oxford township, near Lilly's mill. Post Office address, New Oxford, Adams county, Pa. JOHN BECKMAN.

March 11, 1867. 6m*

FOUND.—The place to get your Vests at very cheap prices—at PICKING'S.

FOR White Goods, Ruffling, Edgings and Trimmings, go to BOW & WOODS'.

Gettysburg Compiler.

BY H. J. STAHLE. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, AUGUST 5, 1867. 49TH YEAR.—NO. 45.

LIME AND COAL.

QUINN & REILLY have erected two additional Lime Kilns, on the Railroad, and are therefore better prepared than ever to supply

THE BEST OF LIME,

in large or small quantities. Farmers and others can hereafter look for a more prompt filling of their orders, and are invited to extend and continue their favors to a firm which is making every effort to accommodate them in the best manner possible.

They will also continue to keep on hand for sale, a good supply of

THE DIFFERENT KINDS OF COAL,

which they will sell at small profits.

☞Coal and Lime delivered anywhere in Gettysburg.

May 14, 1866. tf

STILL AT WORK.

THE undersigned continues the

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS,

in all its branches, at his old stand, in EAST MIDDLE STREET, GETTYSBURG.

NEW WORK made to order, and REPAIRING done promptly and at lowest prices.

FALLING AND STANDING-TOP BUGGIES

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

☞Two first-rate SPRING WAGONS for sale.

JACOB TROXEL.

Dec. 7, 1863.

CARRIAGES AND BUGGIES.

TATE & CULP are now building a variety of

COACH WORK,

of the latest and most approved styles,

and constructed of the best material, to which they invite the attention of buyers. Having built our work with great care and of material selected with special reference to beauty of style and durability, we can confidently recommend the work as unsurpassed by any, either in or out of the cities.

All we ask is an inspection of our work to convince *those in want of any kind of vehicle*, that this is the place to buy them.

REPAIRING IN EVERY BRANCH

done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

Give us a call, at our Factory, near the corner of Washington and Chambersburg streets, Gettysburg.

P. J. TATE.
WM. E. CULP.

March 19, 1866. tf

CARRIAGE-MAKING BUSINESS.

THE undersigned have resumed the Carriage-making business,

AT THEIR OLD STAND,

In East Middle Street, Gettysburg, Pa.,

where they are prepared to put up work in the most fashionable, substantial and superior manner. A lot of new and second-hand

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES, &C., ON HAND,

which they will dispose of at the lowest prices; and all orders will be supplied as promptly and satisfactorily as possible.

REPAIRING DONE WITH DESPATCH,

and at cheapest rates.

A large lot of new and old HARNESS on hand and for sale.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore enjoyed by them, they solicit and will endeavor to deserve a large share in the future.

DANNER & ZIEGLER.

July 10, 1867. tf

NEW FIRM.

AT THE OLD STAND. [ESTABLISHED IN 1817.]

I HAVE associated with me, in business, my son, John T. McCreary, under the firm and style of D. McCreary & son, and I desire to say to my old friends and the public generally that since the war the manufacture of Saddles, Harness, Collars, &c., has been revived at the old established and well known standon Baltimore street, one square south of the Court House, Gettysburg, Pa.

Having had an experience of 40 years in this establishment, I feel assured, that, with prudence attention to business, we can still further merit and receive a full share of public patronage.

D. McCREARY.

With increased facilities for conducting our business, we are better prepared than ever to satisfy the wants of all those who may need anything in our line. We especially call the attention of Farmers and others to the superior quality of our

Plain or Quilted Seat Horn Saddles,	Side Leathers, Humes, all kinds, with
Plain or Quilted Seat no Horn,	or without fastenings, Housings,
Plain or Quilted Seat Side Saddles,	Scotch Collars, (leather,) " " (ticking,)
Plain or Fancy Saddle Cloths,	To Seam Collars,
Wagon Saddles,	Best Welt Harness Collars,
Riding Bridles, of all kinds, fair or black,	Patent Leather Collars, stitched or unstitched,
Bridles, rounded or flat,	Best Leather Wagon Whips, 4, 4½ and 5 feet long,
Martingals,	Plaited Team Whips,
Carriage Harness, all styles, silver or black mounted,	Trotting Whips,
Heavy Draught Harness,	Ladies' Riding Twigs,
Blind Bridles,	Whip Lashes,
Girths,	Horse Blankets,
Cruppers,	&c., &c., &c., &c.

In short, everything that pertains to a first-class general horse-furnishing establishment constantly on hand or made to order promptly, of the very best material, and by the most experienced workmen in the country, (two having worked in the establishment for the last thirty years.)

We are now manufacturing an excellent lot of Heavy Draught and Harness Collars for those who prefer our own to city made work.

Repairing of all kinds done at short notice and on reasonable terms.

All are cordially invited to call and examine for themselves, as our work cannot fail to recommend itself. D. McCREARY & SON.

Feb. 5, 1866. tf

REMOVAL!

THE GETTYSBURG SKY-LIGHT GALLERY.

THE undersigned takes pleasure in announcing to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally that he has removed from his old rooms on West Middle street, to Baltimore street, and nearly opposite the store of Fahnestock Brothers. The room he now occupies has been recently fitted up expressly for his business. The location is an admirable one, enabling him to take pictures in all shades of weather, and with a correctness unequalled any where else.

LIFE-LIKE PHOTOGRAPHS,

of every size and description, executed in the finest style. Particular attention given to the CARTE DE VISITE, and to copying AMBROTYPES and DAGUERREOTYPES of deceased friends. Also—

THE GETTYSBURG GEMS,

a new style of picture, which has become very popular with the public, not only for their beauty but for cheapness and convenience. SIXTEEN for ONE DOLDAR only. Also—THE PORCELAIN PICTURE, which for their beauty and durability are unsurpassed.

We are prepared to carry on the business in all its various branches, and having had considerable experience we run no risk in

GUARANTEEING PERFECT SATISFACTION

Our facilities for a full display of our skill are unequalled by any other Gallery in the county, and we would therefore invite *every one* to call at the

NEW GETTYSBURG SKY-LIGHT GALLERY.

Call and examine our Specimens and judge for yourselves. LEVI MUMPER.

June 25, 1866.

Executor's Notice.

JUDE GALLAGHER'S ESTATE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of Jude Gallagher, late of Mountpleasant township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in the same township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

SAMUEL A. SMITH,
July 15, 1867. 6w Executor.

LARGE! LARGER! LARGEST!!! stock of Ready-made Clothing in the county at PICKING'S.

THE UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.

ARE now constructing from

OMAHA, NEBRASKA,

westward towards the Pacific Ocean, making its connections an unbroken line

ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

The Company now offer a limited amount of their

FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS,

having thirty years to run, and bearing annual interest, payable on the first day of January and July, in the City of New York, at the rate of

SIX PER CENT. IN GOLD,

AT

NINETY CENTS ON THE DOLLAR.

This road was completed from Omaha 305 miles west on the first of January, 1867, and is fully equipped, and trains are regularly running over it. The Company has now on hand sufficient iron, ties, &c., to finish the remaining portion to the eastern base of the Rocky Mountains, 212 miles, which is under contract to be done September 1st of this year, and it is expected that the entire road will be in running order from Omaha to its western connection with the Central Pacific, now being rapidly built eastward from Sacramento, Cal., during 1870.

MEANS OF THE COMPANY.

Estimating the distance to be built by the Union Pacific to be 1,565 miles, the United States Government issues its Six per cent. Thirty-year Bonds to the Company as the road is finished at the average rate of about $28,250 per mile, amounting to $44,208,000.

The Company is also permitted to issue its own First Mortgage Bonds to an equal amount, and at the same time, which by special Act of Congress are made a First Mortgage on the entire line, the bonds of the United States *being subordinate to them.*

The Government makes a donation, of 12,800 acres of land to the mile, amounting to 20,032,000 acres, estimated to be worth $30,000,000, making the total resources, exclusive of the capital, $118,486,800; but the full value of the lands cannot now be realized.

The authorized Capital Stock of the Company is one hundred million dollars, of which five millions have already been paid in, and of which it is not supposed that more than twenty-five millions at most will be required.

The cost of the road is estimated by competent engineers to be about one hundred million dollars, exclusive of equipment.

PROSPECTS FOR BUSINESS.

The railroad connection between Omaha and the East is now complete, and the earnings on the Union Pacific on the sections already finished for the first two weeks in May were $113 00. These sectional earnings as the road progresses will much more than pay the interest on the Company's bonds, and the through business over the only line of railroad between the Atlantic and Pacific must be immense.

VALUE AND SECURITY OF THE BONDS.

The Company respectfully submit, that the above statement of facts fully demonstrates the security of their Bonds, and as additional proof they would suggest that the Bonds now offered are less than ten million dollars on 517 miles of road, on which over twenty million dollars have already been expended;—on 230 miles of this road the cars are now running, and the remaining 187 miles are nearly completed.

At the present rate of premium on gold these Bonds pay an annual interest on the present cost of

NINE PER CENT.,

and it is believed that on the completion of the road, like the Government Bonds, they will go above par. The Company intend to sell but a limited amount at the present low rate and retain the right to advance the price at their option.

Subscriptions will be received in New York by the

CONTINENTAL NATIONAL BANK, 7 Nassau St.,
CLARK, DODGE & Co., Bankers, 51 Wall St.,
JOHN J. CISCO & SON, Bankers, 33 Wall St.,

and by BANKS AND BANKERS generally throughout the United States, of whom maps and descriptive pamphlets may be obtained. They will also be sent by mail from the Company's Office, No. 20 Nassau Street, New York, on application. Subscribers will select their own Agents in whom they have confidence, who alone will be responsible to them for the safe delivery of the bonds.

JOHN J. CISCO, Treasurer,
July 22, 1867. 3m New York.

A CARD FROM THE

AMERICAN WATCH COMPANY

OF

WALTHAM, MASS.

THIS Company beg leave to inform the public that they commenced operations in 1850, and their factory now covers four acres of ground, and has cost more than a million Dollars, and employs over 700 operatives. They produce 75,000 Watches a year, and make and sell not less than one half of all the Watches sold in the United States.

The difference between their manufacture and the European, is briefly this: European Watches are made almost entirely *by hand*, and the result is of necessity a lack of that uniformity, which is indispensable to correct time-keeping. Both the eye and the hand of the most skillful operative, must vary. But it is a fact that, except Watches of the higher grades, European Watches are the product of the cheapest labor in Switzerland, and the result is the worthless Anchors, Lepines and the so-called Patent Levers—which soon cost more in attempted repairs than their original price. Common workmen, boys and women, buy the rough separate parts of these watches from various factories, polish and put them together, and take them to the nearest watch merchant, who stamps them and engraves them with any name or brand that may be ordered.

HOW AMERICAN WATCHES ARE MADE.

The American Waltham Watch is made by no such uncertain process—and by no such incompetent workmen. All the Company's operations from the reception of the raw materials to the completion of the Watch, are carried on under one roof, and under one skillful and competent direction. But the great distinguishing feature of their Watches, is the fact that their several parts are all made by the finest, the most perfect and delicate machinery ever brought to the aid of human industry. Every one of the more than a hundred parts of every watch is made by a machine—that infallibly reproduces every succeeding part with the most unvarying accuracy. It was only necessary to make one perfect watch of any particular style and then adjust the hundred machines necessary to reproduce every part of that watch, and it follows that every succeeding watch must be like it.

The Company respectfully submit their watches *on their merits* only. They claim to make

A BETTER ARTICLE FOR THE MONEY

by their improved mechanical processes than can be made under the old-fashioned handicraft system. They manufacture watches of every grade, from a good, low priced, and substantial article, in silver hunting-case, to the finest chronometer; and also ladies' watches in plain gold or the finest enameled and jeweled cases; but the indispensable requisite of all their watches is that they shall be GOOD TIMEKEEPERS. It should be remembered that, except their single lowest grade named "Home Watch Company, Boston," ALL WATCHES made by them

ARE FULLY WARRANTED

by a special certificate, and this warrantee is good at all times against the Company or its agents.

ROBBINS & APPLETON,
182 Broadway, New York.

July 22, 1867, 3m

COTTAGE HILL FEMALE COLLEGE.

THIS Institution is located at YORK, Pa. The next term will begin SEPTEMBER 3d and continue twenty weeks. The buildings and grounds are large and attractive, and superior advantages are afforded in all departments of instruction.

We refer to our patrons, among whom are Gov. Geary, Bishop J. J. Glossbrenner, W. C. Chapman, Esq., Jesse Eagles, Esq., Rev. J. C. Smith, M. Miller, John Miller, and H. B. Bittinger.

For catalogue and full particulars apply to

REV. D. EBERLY, A. M., Principal.

July 15, 1867. 1m*

PRIME HAMS, first quality, and reasonable in price, can be had at KALBFLEISCH'S.

CANNON'S

MARBLE WORKS,

On Baltimore Street, opposite the Court-House,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

Every description of work executed in the

FINEST STYLE OF THE ART.

June 4, 1866. tf

Forwarding & Commission House.

FLOUR AND FEED, GRAIN AND GROCERIES.

HAVING purchased the extensive Warehouse, Cars, &c., heretofore owned by Samuel Herbst, we beg leave to inform the public that we are continuing the business at the old stand on the corner of Washington and Railroad streets, on a more extensive scale than heretofore.

We are paying the highest market prices for

FLOUR, GRAIN AND ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE.

FLOUR and FEED, SALT, and all kinds of GROCERIES, kept constantly on hand and for sale, cheaper than they can be had anywhere else.

PLASTER, and all kinds of FERTILIZERS, constantly on hand, or furnished to order.

A REGULAR LINE OF FREIGHT CARS

will leave our Warehouse every TUESDAY MORNING, and accommodation trains will be run as occasion may require. By this arrangement we are prepared to convey Freight at all times to and from Baltimore. All business of this kind entrusted to us, will be promptly attended to. Our cars run to the Warehouse of Stevenson & Sons, 185 North Howard street, Baltimore. Being delivered to us, prices will cheap here a deal fairly, we invite everybody to give us a call.

CULP & EARNSHAW.

Aug. 13, 1866.

Proclamation.

WHEREAS the Hon. ROBERT J. FISHER, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the counties composing the 16th District, and Justice of the Courts of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in said district, and ISAAC E. WIERMAN and ISAAC ROBINSON, Esqs., Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Over and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Adams—have issued their precept, bearing date the 17th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-seven, and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery and Court of Over and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on MONDAY, the 19th day of AUGUST, 1867—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and the Constables within the said county, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations, and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also, they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the jail of said county of Adams, are to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

PHILIP HANS, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, July 29, 1867.

Register's Notices.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the Administration Accounts hereinafter mentioned will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on MONDAY, the 19th day of AUGUST, 1867, at 10 o'clock, A. M., viz:

57. The first and final account of Susannah Bishop, Administratrix of the estate of John Bishop, late of Mountjoy township, Adams county, deceased.

58. The account of Jeremiah Gitt, Executor of Wm. Gitt, deceased.

59. The second and final account of Samuel Brown, Administrator of Geo. Null, deceased.

60. The first and final account of John B. Nell, Executor of Henry Nell, deceased.

61. The first and final account of Harriet Chronister, Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Jacob Chronister, late of Latimore township, dec'd.

62. The first and final account of Daniel Culp, Administrator with the will annexed of Jacob Culp, of Peter, deceased.

63. The first and final account of Nathaniel Miller, Administrator of Lewis Miller, late of Berwick township, deceased.

64. The first account of Peter Aulabaugh, Jr., Administrator of Peter Aulabaugh, late of Reading township, deceased.

65. First and final account of Joseph L. Shorb, Esq., Administrator of Joseph Kuhn, deceased.

66. Second account of George Eberhart, Executor of the last will and testament of Samuel B. Patterson, deceased, including the account of said George Eberhart, testamentary Guardian of Olive Patterson, only child and legatee of said deceased.

67. First and final account of Amos Stonesifer and Isaac T. Stonesifer, Administrators of Ellen Stonesifer, deceased.

68. The account of Augustus Detrick, acting Executor of the will of Wm. Detrick, deceased.

69. The first and final account of J. W. Diehl, Administrator of Edmund D. Peters, dec'd.

70. First and final account of J. L. Snider, Executor of the last will and testament of Catharine Hefner, deceased.

71. The second account of John Buehler, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of George Black, late of Menallen township, Adams county, deceased.

72. The account of John Diehl, Executor of the will of Mary Ann Dillon, deceased.

73. First account of James W. Gubernator, Administrator of the estate of Dr. Henry F. Lilly, deceased.

74. First and final account of Franklin H. Ebert, Administrator of Lilly A. H. Osborn, late of Huntington township, deceased.

W. D. FOULKROTH,
July 22, 1867. 1t Register.

JURY LIST—AUGUST TERM.

GRAND JURY.

Hamilton—J. J. Fehn, Foreman, Daniel Smith.
Oxford—Alexander Jacobs, Jacob Peters.
Conowago—Rufus King.
Huntington—Alexander Miller.
Franklin—Abraham Hart, Frederick Diehl.
Menallen—Lewis Bull, Gibson Ross, John Wilson.
Littlestown—John Spangler.
Mountpleasant—Joseph Bederman.
Latimore—Isaac Harman.
Mountjoy—Jacob Erb, Joseph Arndt.
Cumberland—Raphael Eberly.
Highland—Joseph Mickley.
Union—William Young, John Rife.
Reading—John Haines.
Straban—John E. Little.
Gettysburg—Charles Ziegler.
Hamiltonban—John Moritz.

GENERAL JURY.

Berwick bor.—Joseph Wolf.
Straban—John G. Gilbert, Alfred Slonaker, Daniel Cashman, Daniel Stallsmith, Cyrus Fickes.
Hamilton—Michael Delione, George Hollinger.
Gettysburg—J. Aughinbaugh, Jacob Sanders.
Latimore—William Livingstone.
Mountjoy—Solomon Myers, Wm. Cownover, Sr.
Berwick twp.—Elijah Kepner.
Tyrone—James A. Miller, Abraham Bowers.
Reading—Wm. S. Hildebrand, Samuel Marsh, Stephen Heinard.
Liberty—David Elker, Jacob Elker.
Mountpleasant—Henry Weikert, John Hauptman, Adam Metzker.
Hamiltonban—George Trenkle.
Oxford—Alexander Himes, Henry Wiest.
Huntington—Jonathan Miller, Jesse Smyers.
Germany—Ephraim Harner, J. N. Kelley.
Cumberland—George Weikert, Jacob Hershey.
Butler—John Jacobs.
Union—Jacob Hostetter.
Conowago—George Frederick.

Restaurant Licenses.

APPLICATIONS to keep Restaurants have been filed in my office, with the requisite number of signers, by the following persons, and will be presented at the Court of Quarter Sessions, on MONDAY, the 19th day of AUGUST next:

John E. Ilgenfritz, Gettysburg.
John Hoffman, "

ADAM W. MINTER, Clerk.

July 29, 1867.

Assignee's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that DAVID J. SMITH, of Mountpleasant township, Adams co., has made a voluntary assignment for the benefit of creditors, and that the undersigned, residing in Conowago township, has been appointed Assignee. All persons indebted to said Assignor are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them for settlement, to DAVID J. ELINE,

July 15, 1867. 6w Assignee.

Administrator's Notice.

JACOB TROSTLE'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of Jacob Trostle, late of Latimore township, Adams county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Hamilton township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. JOHN HELBEL,

July 1, 1867. 6t Administrator.

GENTLEMEN'S furnishing Goods all kinds and styles at NORRIS'.

Selected Poetry.

☞The following is the tenderest verse in the English language. We do not know who its author is, but there is a simplicity and sweetness in it which none but the coldest heart can resist:

LITTLE GRAVES.

"There's many an empty cradle—
There's many a vacant bed—
There's many a lonely bosom,
Whose joy and light has fled;
For thick in every graveyard
The little hillocks lie—
And every hillock represents
An angel in the sky."

Agricultural & Domestic.

SOCIABILITY AMONG FARMERS.

Naturally the farmer is an unselfish man. His labors are mostly out of doors. His calling takes him much abroad, and enables him to mingle considerably with the world. Yet looking at the very large proportion of the population embraced in his pursuit, and the important influence exercised by it over all our public affairs, it is a subject of common remark, even by agriculturists themselves, that their social intercourse should be so much restricted. There is no other cause for this seclusiveness on the part of farmers that we can see than the "treading in the footsteps of their predecessors." Be this as it may, there are other causes operating which appear to be changing this for the better. Country fairs, bringing agriculturists together from districts sufficiently near to each other to make acquaintanceship pleasant and lasting, and putting them in friendly emulation in matters and things involving their agrestic skill and success, are clearly working to form more close companionships between those whose domestic comforts and family enjoyments must be greatly promoted in the future.

Little clubs among the farmers of a neighborhood, to meet once a week, to discuss or talk over the innumerable subjects connected with the intelligent prosecution of their noble profession, produce a decidedly fraternizing and socializing effect. While these local associations should not be too formal and restricted, they should have an official organization as better calculated to cause punctuality at the meetings, as well as to add to their permanency. On these occasions the wives and daughters of families should always accompany their husbands, fathers or brothers—not to participate of course in the proceedings that may take place, but to increase the agreeability of the meetings, and to share in the pleasure of these delightful interchanges of good neighborhood. Indeed, if the truth must be spoken—and we are ready to do it upon all occasions, especially upon such an one as this—there is very little social enjoyment in the world which is not refined and made doubly enjoyable by the presence of women.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

DAIRY COWS.

Select and keep the *very best only.* A good cow, well kept, is profitable. Poor cows are unprofitable. My own experience in selecting cows for dairying or furnishing milk to sell, is to select good wedge-shaped animals, heavy hind quarters and tapering towards the head, with light heads, long faces, and usually small wax-colored horns; also, slim necks, small tails, capacious udders, running well forward, milk veins large, teats good size, rather long and set well apart. I care not for breed or color. It is all humbug for *dairy profit.* [*Breeding stock* is another story.] I think it would generally pay as well for large farmers, say those who keep from 20 to 30 cows, to raise some five to eight or so of their best heifer calves each year, from their very best cows, and from a bull which you know to be from a good milking family. By so doing, and by selecting the best only to keep from the heifers you raise, (when they have their first calf,) you will in a few years have a better herd, and a better paying herd of cows than you will be able to buy. As to color, I care but little about it, so long as a cow has a good yellow skin, a striped hoof and wax-colored horn. If her hair is soft and silky, I care but little about the color of it.

LITTLE NEGLECTS DESTROY FARM PROFITS.—By neglecting to lock the stable door, the horse was stolen; by leaving a lot of old rubbish in the barn yard, a colt broke his leg and another got a nail in his foot; in neglecting to spend half an hour in fattening up the sheepfold, a pair of twin-lambs froze to death; by carelessly tying the bull, the ox was gored and died; by neglecting to kill the ticks on the sheep, and lice on the cattle, the sheep became poor, shed their wool, gave no milk, and the lambs died, and a fine stock of cattle in high condition when they came to stall, lost all their flesh before spring, some were helped up by the tail and survived, while others were shaked off by the neck, a sort of retributive justice to their owners, always attached in some way to human transgression.

Choice Miscellany.

BOOTH AND THE LORD'S PRAYER.

In the palmy days of Booth, the great tragedian, together with several friends, was invited to dine by a person who was opposed to theatres and theatre-going, and yet had curiosity enough to wish to see something of the lion of the day. During the evening, some one requested Booth, as a particular favor, to read the Lord's prayer. He expressed his willingness to afford the company this gratification, and all eyes turned expectantly towards him. Slowly and reverently he arose. All were astonished at the play of emotions that convulsed his countenance. His face became deathly pale, and his eyes, tremblingly turned upwards, were wet with tears. The silence could almost be felt; it became absolutely painful before his rich-toned voice from the death-hued lips indistinctly syllabled forth, "Our father who art in heaven," etc. Every heart was thrilled with the pathos and solemnity of the occasion. After he had finished the silence continued, until a subdued sob from a remote corner of the room broke the spell. The host stepped forward with streaming eyes, and, seizing Booth by the hand, said: "Sir, you have afforded me a pleasure for which my whole future life will feel greatful. I am an old man, and every day from my boyhood to the present time I thought I had repeated the Lord's prayer, but I have never heard it before, never."

Booth replied: "To read that prayer as it should be read, has cost me the severest study and labor for thirty years; and I am far from being yet satisfied with my rendering of that wonderful production. Hardly one person in a thousand comprehends how much beauty, tenderness and grandeur can be condensed, in a space so small and in words so simple. That prayer of itself sufficiently illustrates the truth of the Bible, and stamps upon it the seal of Divinity."

So great an effect had been produced by the reading, that after a few minutes of subdued conversation, the company broke up and retired, for the time at least, with full hearts.

MARK THAT.

A small boy out West, one cold day, was assisting his father to mark sheep with paint and brush. The father would catch a sheep and say to the boy, "Mark that." After the job was done, the boy started for his home, which was at some distance, and was overtaken by a minister on horseback, who seeing the boy barefooted, invited him to ride behind him. After the boy was seated he began to catechise him thus:

"My lad, do you attend the Sabbath school?"

"No," was the reply.

"You should attend the Sabbath school, mark that! all good children attend both church and Sabbath school, mark that!"

After many other things the minister ordered the boy to do, he replied:

"*I have marked your back all over now, and it looks like thunder!*"

A LESSON FOR LAZY WIVES.

One day a sturdy peasant was at his work in the field amidst storm and rain, and went home in the evening, tired and drenched to the skin. His loving wife said: "My dear, it has been raining so hard that I could fetch no water, so I have not been able to make any dinner. As you are wet through, I shall be obliged to you to fetch me a couple of buckets of water—you cannot get any wetter." The argument was striking; he therefore took two of the buckets and fetched some water from the well, which was at a considerable distance. On reaching his house he found his wife comfortably seated by the fire; then lifting one bucket after another, he poured the contents over his considerate partner. "Now, wife," said he, "you are quite as wet as I am, so you may as well fetch water for yourself; you can't get any wetter."

Strange Scene at a Wedding.—A sensation was created at a wedding in a church recently, in a village near Troy. The bridal party were assembled around the altar, and the clergyman had announced in the usual form the solemn injunction, "If any man know aught why this couple should not be married, let him now appear or forever after hold his peace," when a woman rose in the audience and forbade the banc. Upon being questioned as to the cause why the ceremony should not be allowed to proceed, she stated that she was a married woman, and the bridegroom had promised to become her husband just as soon as her present lord should die. She wanted him held to his engagement. The people tittered, the bride turned pale, the bridegroom turned red; but the clergyman coolly told the woman that her reasons were not valid, and the bans should go on. Whereupon she swooned, and the marriage was consummated.

Birth and Death Rate of the World.—Statisticians have calculated that if the population of the world amounts to between 1,200,000,000 and 1,300,000,000 persons, the number of deaths in a year would be about 32,000,000. Assuming the correctness of this calculation, says the London Lancet, the number of deaths each day would be nearly 88,000—2,000 per hour! sixty per minute! and thus every second would carry into eternity one human life in one part of the world or another. But reproduction asserts its superior power; for, on calculating the probable annual births on the globe, the result shows that whereas sixty persons die per minute, seventy children are born, and thus the increase of the population is kept up.

☞An old joker, who never yields the palm to any one in reeling a naughty yarn, was put to his trumps at hearing a traveler state that he once saw a brick house placed upon runners, and drawn up a hill to a more favorable location some half a mile distant. "What do you think of that, Uncle Ethiel?" said the bystanders. "O, fudge," said the old man, "I once saw a two-story house down east drawn by oxen three miles." A dead silence ensued; the old man evidently had the worst end of it, and he saw it. Gathering all his energies, he bit off a huge piece of pigtail by way of *gaining time for thought.* "They drawed the stone house," said the old man—ejecting a quantity of tobacco towards the fire place, "but that warn't the worst of the job; arter they'd dun that, they went back and drawed the cellar." The stranger gave in.

The Girls to the Young Men.—The literary department of the Iuka (Miss.) *Mirror* is edited by four young ladies. Their last number contains the following paragraph, which exhorts the young man to "depend on himself:"

Most young men consider it a misfortune to be born poor, or not to have capital enough to establish themselves at the outset of life in a good and comfortable business. This is a mistaken notion. So far from poverty being a misfortune to them, if we may judge from what we daily behold, it is a blessing; the chances are more than ten to one against him who starts with a fortune. Most rich men's sons die in poverty, while many poor men's sons come to wealth and honor. It is a blessing, instead of a curse, to have to work out their own fortunes.

Charioteer, Pause.—We heard a good one the other day of a certain Colonel in the last war, which, we think, will bear repeating. The Colonel aforesaid was riding in a stage coach, with several other passengers, when he accidentally dropped his hat outside the coach. Putting his head outside of the window, he exclaimed in a stentorian voice: "Charioteer, pause. I have lost my chapeau!" No attention being paid by the driver to this command, a plain, blunt man, who had become disgusted with his fellow traveler's silliness and pomposity, put his head out of the window, and said: "Driver, hold on! this d—d fool has lost his hat." This was perfectly intelligible to the driver, and the hat was secured.

☞The credit system has been carried to a very fine point in some of the rural districts, if we may judge from the following dialogue, said to have recently occurred between a customer and the proprietor:

"Haow's trade, squire?"

"Wall, cash trade's kinder dull naow."

"Dun anything terday?"

"Wall, only a leetle—on credit. Aunt Betsy Pushard has hort an egg's worth of tea and got trusted for it till her speckled pullet lays."

☞Reader, did you know that every column of a newspaper contains from ten to twenty thousand distinct pieces of metal, the misplacing of any one of which would cause a blunder or typographical error? With this curious fact before you, don't you wonder at the general accuracy of newspapers? Knowing this to be the case, you will be more disposed, we hope, to excuse than magnify errors of the press.

GENERAL GRANT FOR PRESIDENT.

On Tuesday evening, the Republican General Committee of this city nominated General Grant for President. On the same day, the negro-suffrage Republican State Convention of New Jersey voted down, by an engulphing majority, a motion offered by one of its members making the same nomination. This contradictory action betokens the contrariety of feeling which exists in the Republican party towards General Grant. There seems to be an expectation by a portion of the press that the supposed Presidential availability of this great soldier will cause both parties to tug as strenuously for his possession as the Greeks and Trojans did for the body of Patroclus. Tuesday's proceedings at Trenton and in this city show that there is as yet no un

The Compiler.

GETTYSBURG, PA.

Monday Morning, August 5, 1867.

FOR JUDGE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
HON. GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY COMMITTEE.

The members of the Democratic County Committee are requested to meet at the hotel of Samuel Wolf, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 10th of AUGUST next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

W. A. DUNCAN, Chair'n.

July 29, 1867.

☞"I fear that we shall lose Pennsylvania this next election. I do not think we have earnestness enough in the State to unite and draw out the Republican Strength, while the Republican portion of our Legislature has been so openly, notoriously and shamefully corrupt, that all the honest people in the State are disheartened and disgusted."—*Thad. Stevens.*

☞From all sections of the State we have the most favorable reports, and the promise of a grand Democratic triumph in Pennsylvania has not been so bright for years as it is at present. The Democratic masses are convinced that a full poll of their vote will elect Judge Sharswood, and they are resolved to bring out every vote. Nothing but shameful and criminal apathy among ourselves can defeat us. With close and effective organization in each election district we must win a great victory.

☞The Radicals in Lancaster county are quarreling, and will not "be quiet" at old Thad's. bidding. The *Intelligencer of* Tuesday says "it is openly announced that two Radical tickets will be put in the field this fall." Courage, white men! The "negro equality" machine will burst up yet.

☞The Radicals of California, having fallen out among themselves, have nominated two distinct State tickets. Go it, Sambo! Go it, Dinah! This "war of the factions" promises to be a warm one, and will no doubt result in the Democracy sweeping the "Golden State."

☞Every little while the newspaper organs of Negroism indulge in funeral sermons over what is supposed to be the dead body of the Democratic party. The late elections throughout the North prove it to be a very "lively corpse." Are not the Radicals afraid of its ghost?

☞Reflecting Republicans are beginning to think seriously in regard to the final results of the system of military despotism which has been established over the South. The prospect is by no means a pleasant one to them, even when seen through the mist and prejudice of party.

☞Senator Yates, who was serenaded in Washington the other evening, said that "the Republican party has declared that equal suffrage shall exist in the District of Columbia and the Southern States, and now they must do for the North as they have done for the South and impose suffrage upon every State." That's the word! "Impose it." Well, if the people stand such imposition they will deserve it, that's all!

☞It costs forty millions per annum to keep up the federal army in the South for the purpose of *Africanizing* the government of that portion of our country. Thad. Stevens and Co. may be luxuries to some people, but they are expensive ones.

☞The *National Intelligencer* continues to assert that Sheridan is to be removed from the command of the Fifth military department as soon as the officer to succeed him has been decided upon. Irrespective of Sheridan's unsoldier-like despatches, and his gross misconduct in publishing them, there are "great public considerations," we are told, which call for his removal without unnecessary delay.

☞Schuyler Colfax, in his late Washington speech, when speaking about the Radical plans for carrying the elections in the South, said, "The present campaign is but a continuation of the war." Of course, he and the other Radical leaders must believe the war is not over, for on no other ground could they keep up prejudice and hate among the sections, *and themselves in office.* Place and money are at the bottom of the "patriotism" of a good many Congress people.

☞Col. Ward H. Lamon, once Abraham Lincoln's law partner, and later marshal of the District of Columbia by Lincoln's appointment, was recently appointed consul general at Havana by President Johnson, but the Rump rejected him. Is this the respect due to the friends of the "second Washington?"

☞The Constitutional Convention of Michigan has passed, in committee of the whole, an article containing the principle of negro suffrage, without debate or a motion to amend being made. But five or six Democrats attended the convention, and they did not care to discuss or oppose the article, as they were utterly powerless, and knew that the Radicals were determined on forcing it through. These strides in favor of negro equality by the rich and prominent Radicals should open the eyes of all white laboring men. There is more mischief in the movement than many of them now seem to see.

☞There is a split among the Radicals of Virginia—Botts leading one wing and Hunnicut the other, the latter having the main body of the negroes to back him.

This *black* business must yet disgust every decent white man—and then down will go all the demagogues, *North* and South, who are now upholding, because they are *making money* by, it.

☞In the platform adopted by the late Radical State Convention, we find the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That this convention, speaking for the Republicans of Pennsylvania, unreservedly endorse the Reconstruction measures of the Thirty-ninth and Fortieth Congresses, as based upon sound principles," &c., &c.

The Radicals of Pennsylvania endorse military despotism, and call it republicanism.

WHY IT WAS LEFT OUT.

Among the more out-spoken of the mongrel papers in this State, there seems to be quite a disposition to find fault with the proceedings of their State Convention, for not incorporating the negro suffrage plank in their platform. In explanation of why it was left out, the *Village Record*, a leading mongrel journal, published at West Chester, says:

"The subject was thoroughly discussed by the committee on resolutions, the member of the committee from Bucks county making an argument in favor of the adoption of such a resolution. The expediency of this action, however, was decidedly opposed by some of the delegates from the interior, who thought their constituents were *not yet quite prepared to face the music.* It was suggested that the subject would at any rate be acted upon by Congress, as soon as the pending constitutional amendments would be ratified, and that the States themselves would be relieved of the responsibilities of fixing the qualifications of citizenship in this respect. Thus it came about that the suffrage plank was omitted from our State platform."

Here is a very honest and candid confession, and one too that should open the eyes of the thousands of white men who have heretofore been voting with mongrelism, but have so often asserted that they will no longer vote for that party when they are convinced that it favors negro suffrage. It is not because they are not in favor of negroes voting, not because they would keep the ballot out of his hand, and preserve the superiority of the white man, that their platform says nothing about it, but for the simple reason that they fear the masses of their party are *not yet quite prepared to face the music!* Not yet prepared to acknowledge Sambo as their equal; not yet prepared to give Cuffee the reigns of Government; not yet prepared to march arm in arm to the ballot box with these sweet scented "American citizens of African descent." And yet, knowing, feeling and acknowledging that even a majority of their own party, together with the hundreds of thousands of noble Democrats throughout the State, are bitterly opposed to this infamous and degrading doctrine, they have the effrontery to express the desire that Congress will "relieve the State of fixing the qualifications of its citizens;" or, in other words, force negro suffrage upon us, in opposition to the wishes of three-fourths of our white voters. It is to accomplish this that their candidate for Supreme Judge is pledged to make his decisions in accordance with the "wishes of those electing him." And if the white men of Pennsylvania feel that they "are not ready to face the music," and march arm in arm to the polls with an ignorant and degraded race, they must vote for those who will oppose any inteference by Congress, with our laws regulating the "*qualifications of citizens.*" Williams has pledged himself to decide that Congress has the right to make negroes voters in Pennsylvania in opposition to the wishes of our people. Sharswood will decide that it is a question that the white men of our State alone can settle.

☞The New York *Tribune*, in an article on "The Pennsylvania Canvass," thus puts the steel into the address of the Radical State Central Committee, and those papers which are conducting the campaign *on the Press principle:*

We cannot endorse the address of the Republican State Committee, in which Judge Sharswood is attacked with more zeal than discretion. He is denounced as the orator of a States rights celebration, held in the dark ages of 1834, as if an act of 30 years ago could have vital meaning now. The very toasts offered by others at the dinner in 1834 are quoted to show that Judge Sharswood is not fit for the office of Chief Justice, and the editorials of obscure Democratic papers are copied in capital letters, as proof of his sympathy with the rebellion. The case of Borie against Trott, in which Judge Sharswood decided against the constitutional power of Congress to make paper money, is also advanced as an argument against his election—a purely legal decision, which, whether right or wrong, was made solely upon Judge Sharswood's understanding of the law.

We submit that this is not the way in which Pennsylvania should elect her chief judical officers. Such a canvass should be conducted on the highest ground possible in party rivalry, and especial care should be taken not to drag in the dirt the ermine of justice. The formal decisions of eminent judges upon the points of law ought not to be bandied about in appeals to popular passion. The purity and honor of the judiciary are more than a party triumph. If the decisions of a court are to be the subject of party strife, and debated in stump speeches, we may bid farewell to an independent and fearless judiciary. Hold the judge accountable to a political party for his construction of the law, and we inevitably tempt him to sacrifice his integrity; to become that meanest of all creatures—a sworn minister of justice, obedient to the dictates of politicians. It is precisely this tendency which we fear the Republican State Committee of Pennsylvania unconsciously encourage, and we would bid them take warning by the wretched and degraded reputation of the judiciary of this city, in which the courts have become the mere tools of political clubs.

☞The *Chronicle*, the Radical evening organ of Pittsburgh, is after the Radical State Committee with a sharp stick. It quotes the following paragraph from the address lately issued by that committee: "The Democratic party, with Judge Sharswood for its leader, and with Free Trade, State Rights and Secession on its banner, is again marshaling its hosts, and now summoning us to the field of political combat on these same issues." And protesting against such stupid lying, candidly remarks:

It is insulting to the intelligence of the people of Pennsylvania to say that in this judicial contest the Democratic party has secession inscribed on its banner. We warmly support Judge Williams in this contest, but we will not even by silence lend our indorsement to so utterly shameful and unwarranted a charge as the one above quoted. It is a sign of bad party demoralization when such means are adopted to achieve success. It is utterly wrong and utterly unnecessary. Such things recoil against the men who practice them, and cloud even an honest cause with suspicion. Whatever may have been the views of Judge Sharswood thirty-three years ago, it is both absurd and criminal to say that the right of secession will be an issue in the approaching election. The Republican party can go into a canvass upon its own merits and upon actual issues, without compromising itself by these shabby devices, and we trust no respectable journal in the party will lend itself to such a style of warfare. It is a veritable Mexican business.

☞During his brief stay in Harrisburg, Gen. Grant was the guest of ex-Governor Porter. The *Patriot & Union* says his visit was a very quiet one.

A MOST INFAMOUS PLEDGE.

The platform upon which Henry W. Williams, the Mongrel candidate for Supreme Judge, is running, pledges him to render his decisions—not in accordance with law, not in accordance with justice, not in accordance with right, but in "*harmony with the political opinions*" of his party. In plain words, constitution, law and justice are to be set aside, and the will and wishes of a set of as villainous fanatics as ever disgraced the earth, substituted in their stead. No matter what the facts in the case are; no matter what the laws require; no matter what justice demands, his decisions are to be regulated by the "political opinions" of those who elected him. And such "political opinions!" Great Heavens, what a farce will courts of justice become, if candidates who are pledged to render their decisions on such a basis, should succeed.

And yet, infamous as the intention is, there is a design in it, even more infamous. It is a well known fact that the Mongrel majority in Congress will pass an act regulating the right of suffrage in the different States of the North, as they have in the provinces of the South. This will be done in order to force negro suffrage upon the States where they know that object cannot be attained by leaving it to a vote of the people. And as this is a question regulated and controlled by the State Constitutions alone, it will be brought before the Supreme Court of each of the States for final decision. And if the Judges are to decide according to the Constitution and law, there can be no other decision than that it is a violation of the rights of the States, and that negroes cannot be made voters by an act of Congress. But if the decision is to be rendered in accordance with the "political opinions" the party in power, then will negroes be given the elective franchise, and the right of deciding as to who shall and who shall not vote, be taken from the people and the States. It is paving the way for this decision, that this pledge is administered to their candidate. It is preparing the public mind for this act of usurpation and outrage. It is *laying the corner stone of negro* suffrage in Pennsylvania, and just as sure as Henry W. Williams is elected to the Supreme Bench, just so sure will *his decisions be in accordance with the* "political opinions" of his party, in favor of *negro voting*, and in opposition to the express provisions of the Constitution of our State.—*Democratic Watchman.*

☞In a late number of the Lynchburg *Virginian*, we find the following:

A friend who has been residing on the peninsula for some months past, informs us that there are about 28,000 negroes between Williamsburg and Hampton—a distance of thirty-six miles. These people are sustained with rations furnished by the government, at a cost of $60,000 monthly, while five companies of cavalry are required to patrol the country to prevent depredations. Every effort has been made to induce a portion of them to remove to Florida, the officers of the government offering them free transportation. There is a standing offer of this nature made by General Armstrong, of the Freedmen's Bureau, to convey the men with their families, to any point they may select, with the view of engaging in useful labor. But they have persistently refused every offer of the kind and rejected every overture made to get them employment. Under the provisions of the civil rights bill it is impossible to do anything contrary to their wishes, and so they remain huddled within this limited area and are a heavy tax upon the government. Some of them have taken to highway robbery, and, but for the presence of a large cavalry force, a residence in that country would be intolerable. How long, we wonder, will the people submit to this enormous tax to support such i lle and worthless pets of the Black Republican party? Verily! *Radicalism* is a dear experiment, taxing the patience and pockets of the people to a degree unprecedented in the history of any country.

These facts speak for themselves; *seven hundred and twenty thousand dollars* taken every year from our heavily-taxed people to support in idleness twenty-eight thousand negroes, who will not accept work when offered. And, if the people sustain the Radical policy, how many more thousand idle negroes in the Southern States will they be compelled to maintain, to furnish Radical voters?

☞The Radicals justify the military acts with reference to the South, on the ground that they are necessary to insure public tranquility and good order in that section. But the Albany *Argus* truthfully declares "that they do not give us order, nor enforce tranquility," and continues:

Armed mobs take possession of the cities, and the military, instead of preventing them, only hold inquests on outrages already committed. There is a peculiar form of crime rife in the South that will provoke terrible vengeance—the outrages of black men upon feeble white women. It was the picture of the helpless English girl in the hands of the lustful Sepoy, that inflamed England to such height of vengeance as was manifested in blowing the prisoners from the mouths of cannon. Human nature is the same here, and revolts at the idea of such crime. Let us have law—let us have even military domination—let us have some barrier to this flood of violence and crime, or a day of terrible reprisal will come.

True, every word. Radical editors and orators should "heed and be wise."

☞"Order reigns in Warsaw." The Radicals, having succeded in disfranchising the great bulk of the white citizens of Tennessee, and in putting ballots into the hands of a numerous horde of negro voters, have carried the State. Brownlow's majority over Etheridge is estimated at thirty thousand. All the Radical Congressmen have been elected, and everything passed off charmingly. In the presence of the negro militia and of Federal bayonets the election was as quiet and as one-sided as it used to be in *Maryland in the days of Schenck and* Bradford.

Gen. Grant's Politics.—The Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Ledger* says:

"It is stated in some of the newspapers that General Grant was heretofore a Democrat. A member of Congress informs me that in a conversation with him last week, the General said he had been a Whig whilst that party was in existence, and that the only Democrat he ever voted for was Buchanan, but that he never was a politician and rarely voted at all."

☞General Sickles has removed the police of the town of Sumter, South Carlina, for alleged maltreatment of negroes, and has appointed two negroes and one white man to fill the places so vacated.

VATERLAND!

The Germans are coming! Carl Heinzer, editor of the Boston *Pioneer*, the most ultra Radical paper in the country, has cut loose from the so-called "Republican" party. The Pittsburg *Volksblatt*, an influential Radical daily, says that the German "Republicans" must form an alliance with the Democracy. The Iowa German Republican papers take similar ground, and Carl Schurz himself, recommends in the St. Louis *Westliche Post*, that the German Radicals vote for the Democratic candidates for legislative and municipal offices. The Germans left their Vaterland to seek a land of Liberty, and they will never assist in establishing a worse than Austrian tyranny in America.

☞The Clinton *Democrat*, in speaking of the Democratic party in this State at the present time, says: "Let it proceed at once to arraign Radicalism before the bar of public opinion as guilty of high crimes and misdemeanors against the natural and lawful rights of a people whose liberties it has sacrificed upon the altar of a false and spurious philanthropy, and whose Constitution, in the flippant language of Stevens, is 'old and shattered' and 'sticks in the kidneys of some Senators, troubling them at night.' Cramped by taxation and plundered by hordes of hungry vampires—the tax gatherers of Rumpdom—with no prospect of an improvement in their condition, the people are beginning to *think*. That in tracing cause to effect they will become undeceived and dispel the hallucination that has held them within its spell for the past six years, there can be no doubt. Be it the duty of the Democratic public, and especailly the Democratic press, to assist them to a right conclusion."

☞In a late conversation with the reporter of the New York *Herald*, Thaddeus Stevens remarked: "I fear we shall lose Pennsylvania this next election. I do not think we have earnestness enough in the State to unite and draw out the Republican strength, while the Republican portion of our Legislature has been so openly, notoriously, and shamefully corrupt, that all the honest people in the State are disgusted. This corruption will certainly beat us here next election, unless we draw out the Republican strength by getting up a furor or excitement on impeachment. Geary, too, hurts us very much. He is an unhappy failure, and his nomination was an unfortunate thing for his party." This is a fair and truthful picture of the present condition of the Radical party in this State. They have followed expediency so long that the whole organization is honey-combed with fraud, corruption and venality. In order to cover the ulcers which are eating away the Radical party, Mr. Stevens recommends "a furor or excitement on impeachment," and the *Press* is bellowing about the greenback decisions of Judge Sharswood. But these devices will not succeed. The people are tired and disgusted with the open, notorious and shameful corruption of the party in power, and they will act in such a manner at the polls as to fulfil the prophecy of Mr. Stevens.—*Age.*

☞We know thousands of thoughtful and sagacious Republicans will vote for *George Sharswood in preference to* Henry W. Williams. They will do so because they know that in the hands of Judge Sharswood all their rights and all their interests will be perfectly secure. The very decision which Republican newspapers are parading against him will be a powerful argument in his favor. If the bondholders do not desire repudiation they will vote for George Sharswood.—*Lancaster Intelligencer.*

☞Schuyler Colfax said in his speech at Washington city a few days ago, when speaking of the Reconstruction acts—"The President vetoed them on the explicit ground that they gave the military commanders supreme and absolute power over the people of the late rebellious States. Congress accepted his construction of the acts, and repassed them over his veto." Mr. Colfax is Speaker of the House of Representatives, and as such took an oath to support the Constitution of the United States. That same Constitution declares that the military shall be subordinate to the civil power. How, then, can the declaration, that he and his party have passed a law that makes the military commanders supreme and absolute over "the late rebellious States," be reconciled with his oath of office? Is there such a thing as political perjury?—*Doylestown Democrat.*

☞No man who looks at any of the paper currency issued by the Government of the United States can fail to see that it is not receivable for all debts.—Duties on imports cannot be paid in "Greenbacks." The United States Government will not receive them in discharge of such liabilities, but compels the importer to sell his "greenback" paper and buy gold with which to satisfy its claim upon him. Does not the decision of Judge Sharswood rest on as sound principles of law as this enforced demand of the Government?

☞The Radicals of New Jersey held a negro suffrage convention at Trenton, on the 23d, attended by about 400 delegates. The speeches and resolutions endorsed equal suffrage to the black man, and some of the speakers called upon Congress to invade the State and enfranchise the negro. As this movement did not meet the views of the Radical State Committee, it resigned in a lump. A resolution nominating Grant for President in 1868 was laid on the table.

Why can't the Radicals of Pennsylvania be as honest as those of New Jersey and announce and stand by their sentiments?

☞Sheridan must consider it his especial mission to prove to the people what an egregious blunder Congress made in endowing a set of military satraps with absolute power in the South. His last outrage is the removal of the New Orleans Board of Aldermen and the appointment of negroes in their place.

☞Some time since a gentleman died in the town of X, who during his life refused to believe in another world. Two or three weeks after his demise, his wife received through a medium, a communication which read as follows: "Dear wife, I now believe. Please send me my thin clothes."

CLIPPINGS.

— A negro in Blondinville, Ky., enticed a young girl from the house and committed violence upon her person. She was so much abused that she has since died from her injuries.

— A Mobile "lady of color" was recently awarded $5,000 damages by a Radical jury for expulsion from a street car. A white lady under the same circumstances, could not have recovered five cents.

— The Mongrels of New Jersey held a State Convention, at Trenton, on the 23d ult., and declared in favor of negro suffrage.

— Stickly, a Waterloo veteran, now 77 years old, still lives in England, and has had three wives and ten children to each wife.

— There is a boy in Minnesota twelve years old, whose legs are only ten inches long and without bones.

— A pulpit prodigy, named Mansey, who is said to rival Spurgeon in eloquence and command of language, is astonishing the people and making many converts in Southwestern Virginia.

— New Brunswick papers tell of a family numbering seven individuals, all of whom are mad.

— Augustus Hemanway is the richest man in New England, his estate being valued at $5,000,000.

— Gold mining is creating some excitement in Ohio and South Carolina.

— Jacksonville, Florida, is rioting in watermelons at ten cents and peaches by the cartload.

— Immense deposits of tin ore have been discovered in Missouri, not far from Pilot Knob. One lode is five or six hundred feet wide. The surface ore yields from 3 to 15 per cent.

— One Col. Schumaker has just died in the lunatic asylum, who is reported to have first discovered coal in this State in 1811. The people had no faith in his discovery, and after losing a large fortune he spent the last twenty-one years of his life in the asylum.

— The happiest man in this world is the man with just wealth enough to keep him comfortable, and just children enough to keep him industrious.

— A Philadelphia boy of ten years died, the other day, from eating sorrel ("sour grass.") It may be well to know that the active principle of sorrel is oxalic acid, a deadly poison.

— It is said to be a fact that the centre of the State of Kansas, one hundred miles west of Fort Riley, is just about the centre of the United States; and that three-fifths of our national territory lies west of the Mississippi.

— In Terre Haute a gentleman had both his arms blown off while celebrating the 4th of July.

— A man in Rutland, Vt., was cured of deafness by a stroke of lightning.

— The Adventists in a town in Maine are preaching the immediate destruction of the world, and at the same time are erecting a place of worship substantial enough to last a hundred years.

— A lady of 35 married a man of 94 in Chicago last week, in consideration of $10,000 which he promised to leave her.

— Mike Hubble, aged eighty-five years, who lives in the southern part of Madison county Mo., lately was presented by his wife with twins.

— Dayton, Ohio, boasts of more handsome "teams" than any other city of its size in the country.

— A boy nine years of age, the son of Andrew Jackson, of Centre Hill, N. J., fell dead while his father was chastising him on Saturday evening week.

WHAT GERRIT SMITH SAYS.

Gerrit Smith was an Abolition leader a'most as far back as we can remember—and he is that yet. But he differs from the bulk of the Radical party in this—he is honest. In a recent letter, he makes the following manly declaration:

"We made a bargain with the South, however we may now be tempted to deny it or to break it. Our generals, in the terms of the surrender of the Southern armies, recognized this bargain—this bargain that we should treat each other, not as traitors under constitutional law, but as belligerents under the law of war. The Supreme Court of the United States unanimously held that that was the bargain. Alas! the ineffable meanness, the revolting infamy of our breaking this bargain now, when we have it in our power to break it! Alas, what a poor use is this to which to put the power of victory! How it dims the glory and reduces the value of victory! The shame of defeat is as nothing compared with the shame of abusing the power of success."

☞The Radical State Convention of South Carolina, at its recent meeting, adopted a resolution demanding that the negroes shall be represented by one of their own race on the next Presidential ticket of that party—whether as President or Vice President is not stated. This is a cold bath to the Radicals of Pennsylvania, who were afraid to put even a mild negro-suffrage resolution in their State platform. But, Sambo in the lead or at the wheel, they will have to go in the wagon when Stevens and Sumner start the team.

☞The last Radical Connecticut Legislature spent $400 in whisky for its members. The present Legislature has a committee investigating the matter.—This shows that the political change in that State is likely to expose the *not* "grand moral idea" doings of the Radicals. A similar change in Pennsylvania and in Congress would result with equal benefit to the people of this State and nation.

☞Satrap Sheridan has removed Governor Throckmorton, of Texas, and appointed E. M. Pease in his place. It is high time that Sheridan be removed.

☞The military Mayor of Mobile has removed twenty white men from the police of that city and appointed twenty negroes to fill their places. Five of the latter have since been brought before the Mayor for sleeping on their posts.

☞When Sherman was in command in Kentucky he was serenaded by a regimental band, and made a speech in answer to calls, and made it as follows: "What the devil are you officers doing here, making this infernal noise? You ought to be in your quarters teaching your soldiers to quit burning rails and making soldiers of them. I want no more of this d—d noise about here."

☞No medicine equals Coe's Dyspeptic Cure, for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Constipation, Fever and Ague, Sick Headache, and all diseases that proceed from a disordered state of the Stomach and Bowels. All druggists keep it.

TOWN AND COUNTY AFFAIRS.

COMMENCEMENT WEEK.—This is Commencement week. On Tuesday (to-morrow) afternoon, Rev. Mr. Sprecher will deliver the Holman Lecture on the Augsburg Confession; in the evening, Rev. J. G. Butler will address the Alumni of the Seminary. On Wednesday morning, Junior Exhibition; afternoon, Rev. Dr. Seiss's address to the College Societies, (at the invitation of the Phrenakosmians;) evening, Rev. V. L. Conrad's address to the Alumni of the College. Thursday morning, Commencement; in the afternoon, laying Corner Stone of Stevens Hall, with address by Hon. M. Russell Thayer.

GERMAN PIC NIC.—The Pic Nic at Wolf's Spring, on Wednesday, was quite a success. The number in attendance was large, running well up in the hundreds in the afternoon. Our German friends—old and young, men, women and children—enjoyed themselves finely, and regretted the shortness of the day. The principal amusement was dancing, which was kept up with much spirit until the close of the Pic Nic. Truly, it is pleasant to spend an occasional day in the woods.

SABBATH SCHOOL PIC NIC.—The annual Pic Nic of the German Reformed Sabbath School came off at Spangler's Springs on Friday. A number of the families connected with the congregation participated, thus making the number on the ground unusually large. The day was of course pleasantly spent.

PIC NIC.—A mammoth Pic Nic will come off in the grove of Mr. Francis Cunningham, in Freedom township, on Saturday next, (August 10th)—free to all who feel disposed to unite in it. The Gettysburg Brass Band will be present.

☞The Good Templars will have a Pic Nic at Spangler's Springs to-morrow.

☞A Pic Nic will be held near East Berlin next Saturday. Messrs. Dellone, Kuhn and Trostle are the managers.

FESTIVALS.—The Festivals for the benefit of the Methodist Church at Petersburg, on Friday and Saturday evenings week, were largely attended. The tables were crowded from an early hour until eleven o'clock, realizing a handsome sum, but exactly how much we are not advised.

ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that Mr. George George, of this place, whilst assisting in hauling hay on the farm of Henry Herbst, a few days ago, fell from the wagon and broke one of his ribs.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT.—We recorded, some weeks ago, an accident which befell Mr. A. Marshall, of Straban township—his falling from a cherry tree and breaking his jaw bone. Another accident, of a painful nature also, has since happened in the same family. A son of Mr. M's. fell from a horse, and broke an arm. Medical aid was at once had, and the boy is doing well.

ARM BROKEN.—On the 20th ult., Jesse W. A. Leas, aged about ten years, (son of Jesse Leas, of Latimore township,) was thrown from a horse, and broke an arm at the elbow.

ACCIDENT.—Miss Amanda Mummert, near New Oxford, received some severe bruises, a few days ago, in falling from a horse rake, occasioned by the frightening of the horse. We are glad to learn that her injuries are not of a serious nature.

SUDDEN DEATH.—A few weeks ago, a son of Andrew Smith, near Bonaughtown, died very suddenly. At five o'clock in the evening he was in his usual health, and at nine was a corpse. Two physicians were in attendance, who did everything possible for the sufferer, but without avail. It is said that they pronounced the disease cholera.

☞Our Press builders write us, under date of New York, August 1:

"Your Press will be shipped to-morrow or next day, at farthest. We regret that we have been obliged to trespass so much on your patience, but trust the Press will please you so well as to make amends."

BANK PRESIDENT.—Dr. Jacob Hay, Sr., has been elected President of the York Bank, in place of Henry Welsh, Esq., who resigned the position to accept the Revenue Assessorship. Mr. Welsh made a first-class President, as Dr. Hay no doubt will.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.—A new counterfeit "greenback" has made its appearance. It is a fair imitation of the genuine, except that the words "United States" are somewhat blurred.

THE COLUMBIA BRIDGE.—The Columbia *Spy* learns that the contractor for the re-building of the Columbia Bridge has been directed to commence operations early in August.

☞The farm of the late Daniel Newman, in Franklin township, has been purchased by Levi Minter—36 acres, at $25 05 per acre.

THE INDIAN DOCTOR, desiring to locate himself within the reach of the many who need his professional services, *has engaged rooms at the house of Mr.* Frederick Snider, on the Emmittsburg road, two miles below Harney, at cross roads leading from Taneytown to the Two Taverns, in Mountjoy township, Adams county, Pa., where he will remain from Wednesday, August 7, until Monday, August 12.

The Doctor has had a large run of practice here, which will doubtless continue when he returns. It

☞Attention is directed to the advertisement of Dr. Grove's Magnetic Salve and Plaster, in another column. This article has been used by persons in this town and vicinity for some years, and given great satisfaction. The proprietor having engaged in its more extensive manufacture, is now enabled to offer it for sale to the entire public.

THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL which was awarded at the Paris Exposition for the *best Sewing Machine*, was received by Elias Howe, Jr., for his world-renowned "*Howe Sewing Machine*," as will be seen by an *official* Report in another column.

☞Eleven deaths from cholera occurred at Memphis, Tennessee, on Wednesday week.

☞Rev. Robert C. Chase and wife, of Philadelphia, Miss Mary E. Haupt—sister of Herman Haupt, Esq., formerly of this town—and two other Philadelphians, with two citizens of New England, were drowned by the capsizing of a boat, in Bar Harbor, on the coast of Maine, on Wednesday week. Mr. Chase was an Episcopal minister in the northwestern section of the city, and was highly esteemed. Miss Haupt was known to many of our people. Her late residence was Philadelphia, where she conducted a Female Seminary, near West Penn Square, with Miss Mary Tazewell, who was drowned at the same time. Herman Haupt sailed for Europe a day or two before the lamentable occurrence.

A BRAVE WOMAN.—A short time since, a man with an axe made an attempt to force his way into the house of Mr. Geo. Bowman, living about two miles South of this place. Mr. B. had occasion to be absent *on the night mentioned*, and about ten o'clock Mrs. Bowman hearing some unusual noise in the lower part of the house, and upon getting up discovered a man with an axe in his hand, endeavoring to force his way into the house. She seized a loaded gun and fired at the villain, which caused him to drop his axe and flee. It is not known whether the shot took effect *or not.* He had almost effected an entrance when discovered by Mrs. B.—*Hanover Citizen.*

WHY FOLKS READ LOCALS.—An old "local," who ought to know all about things pertaining to his department, says the people read items of local interest for reasons as opposite as man and wife. A reads about a fight because he was there, and saw it; B, because he wasn't there and didn't; C, because he heard about it; D, because he hadn't; while those who had a hand in it, want to know how much of truth concerning them the editor has deemed compatable in its utterance with a continuation of his own earthly career. The consciousness, too, that hundreds of others are simultaneously perusing the same article, and that it is therefore a subject of common thought and conversation, doubtless adds to the zest with which ordinary readers eagerly devour articles that otherwise would have but a dull perusal or no perusal at all.

☞William G. Smyser, a son of Hon. D. M. Smyser, is attached to the Pacific Railroad Surveying Expedition.

SHAEFFER'S NEW GALLERY AT HANOVER, is the place to have your Pictures taken. None better, none cheaper.—Money refunded if not satisfactory.

☞The testimony has been closed, and the lawyers are speaking, in the Surratt trial.

WHO MURDERED OUR SOLDIERS?

The responsibility of leaving the Union prisoners to die in the prison-pens of the South is at last fixing itself where it properly belongs, viz: on the shoulders of Lincoln, Stanton & Co., who refused to exchange, or even to receive them.

Gen. B. Ould, the ex rebel commissioner for the exchange of prisoners, has written a letter to the Washington Intelligencer, saying that in 1864 the rebel authorities offered to deliver up 15,000 sick and wounded Union soldiers without equivalent, and he says he can prove this by the evidence of Union officers.

The truth of this matter has long been suspected by thinking men. It was the policy of our government to keep our suffering soldiers in the Southern prisonpens, "to weaken the rebels by eating out their substance." If the relatives and friends of the Andersonville victims continue to uphold the Radical leaders who connived at this wickedness, they deserve to be haunted forever by the ghosts of those whom the Radical government doomed to a lingering death. —*York Gazette.*

THE "LAMBS."

Two young white girls were shockingly assaulted by some Waynesboro', Georgia, negroes. The girls will not survive.

A negro villain committed a rape upon two girls aged eight and ten years, near Nunday, N. Y., a few days ago.

A shocking tragedy occurred in Union City, Obion county, Tennessee, on Monday week. A negro man broke jail in that town on the preceding Friday, and repairing to the residence of an aged and highly respectable widow lady, named Chatman, outraged her person, and then fled. Two sons of the injured woman followed the wretch to Hickman, Ky., arrested him, and taking him back to the scene of the outrage, shot him dead.

A negro in Blondinville, Ky., enticed a young girl from the house and committed violence upon her person. She was so much abused that she has since died from her injuries.

A North Carolina negro woman cut off her husband's head so that she might marry a white man.

J. H. Hipkins, Bureau Superintendent of Gallatin, Tenn., has been indicted by the grand jury of Sumner county for an attempted rape on the person of a young girl only fourteen years of age.

John Wilson, a negro living near Warwick, Md., was arrested on Thursday, the 25th ult., by Constable Loveless, and taken before Justice Hunter, charge with an assault with intent to commit a rape on the person of a white girl aged about 15 years, named Crissey Bowman.

The "dear lambs" stand much in need of a Democratic shepherd.

Kentucky Negroes Won't let Radicals Sit on Juries.—A negro boy, who formerly belonged to the Hon. John D. Young, hired himself to a Radical ex-collector of the United States revenues. The negro worked faithfully in compliance with his contract, but his Radical employer failed to keep faith with the honest negro, and refused to pay the stipulated wages. No doubt the Radical thought his services in liberating the negroes in Kentucky, as a fair legal set off against negro labor in his corn field; but the negro thought otherwise, and brought suit for what was due him. The ex-collector demanded a jury, which was summoned. There happened to be three Radicals upon the panel, but the negro having lost faith in the honor of his liberators, manifested a decided repugnance to having his case tried by them. He instructed his attorney to strike them off, as he didn't want no "mean Radical on his jury." The three Radicals were accordingly discharged from the jury. The case was tried by what the negro said were "honest men," and the negro got judgment for his debt.

The negroes of Kentucky are beginning to find out who are their best friends.—*Maysville Bulletin.*

A Wise Lieutenant.—On the Fourth of July a number of folks at Richmond got up a little pic-nic, and during the heat of the day the Declaration of Independence was read, which a Federal Lieutenant, who was present, mistook for a treasonable harangue. He had the whole party arrested—but judge his astonishment when he found that he *had mistaken the Declaration of Independence for a treasonable speech against his commander and the Rump Congress!*

☞It is said that the Yankee who was at the point of death, whittled it off with his jack-knife and got well.

The Trouble among the Mormons.—The present troubles among the Salt Lake Mormons are traceable to the old feeling between the descendants of "Joe" Smith, the first prophet of the sect, and Brigham Young, the existing high priest. Joseph Smith, Jr., son of the founder of Mormonism, and at present identified with the "Western Mormons," is the leader of the revolt against Brigham, and he has been joined by Hyde, Lyman, and Pratt, of the "twelve apostles." It is worthy of note that those who adhere to Smith regard the pretended revelations of Brigham Young in favor of polygamy, blood atonement, and other innovations, as wicked impostures. His movement against the great Mormon oligarch may, therefore, bring about the desired solution of the troublesome question of polygamy.

☞ Samuel Motts, a colored man, residing in Syracuse, one hundred and seven years old, is about returning to his old home in Winchester, Virginia, where he was formerly a slave. He wants to lay his bones on "de ole plantation."

☞ We have all heard of asking for bread and receiving a stone, but a young gentleman may be considered as still worse treated when he asks for a young lady's hand and gets her father's foot.

Special Notice Column.

Official—Paris Exposition, 1867.

Advices just received by mail enable us to announce positively that the *only gold medal* for American sewing machines was awarded to Elias Howe, Jr., as the manufacturer of the best sewing machine that was exhibited. There were eighty-two different machines in competition for the prize, and Mr. Howe received the additional award of the Cross of the Legion of Honor, as manufacturer and inventor. The exact wording of the award is as follows:

HOWE MACHINE.	WHEELER & WILSON.
"Co-operateur Elias Howe, Jr., promoteur de la machine a coudre. *Medaille d'or.*	"Wheeler & Wilson, pour la machine a bonnetiere. *Medaille d'or.*

The official list of those who were made Knights of the Legion of Honor, as published in the Paris papers, reads thus: "Mons. Elias Howe, Jr. *fabricant machines a coudre, exposant;*" which, translated into English, reads: "Mr. Elias Howe, Jr., maker of sewing machines, exhibiting."

From this it will be seen that the medal awarded to Wheeler & Wilson was for a "Buttonhole Machine," *and not for the Sewing Machine.*

Each of these world-renowned machines bears the medallion head of Elias Howe, Jr., (trade mark,) without which none is genuine. Messrs. Sibley & Stoops, Agents, No. 922 Chestnut street, Philadelphia.

Aug. 5, 1867. 4t

Seasickness.

Those who "go down to the sea in ships" should always have with them this invaluable medicine. It is capital in sudden or oft-repeated cases of *Seasickness.* Nothing like it, as an agreeable tonic. Dose, thirty drops, in a wine-glass of water. It tones the stomach, stops its Sourness, and checks Vomiting. It never fails to do good. Persons subject to Dizziness, Sick or Nervous Headache, brought on by a Foul Stomach, and particularly when sailing on the water, either on oceans or rivers, or riding in the cars, will positively find a marvelous remedy in the virtues of its properties. Let the most skeptical try the Radway's Ready Relief, and become convinced, without the aid or influence of outside parties. It has an immense sale, and is being used generally as a preventive for the Asiatic Cholera. For the "general ills" to which we are subjected, the Relief, in nine cases out of ten, *cures,* quiets, and restores. It will cure Pain, and conquer all cutaneous diseases.

Sold by Druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

July 29, 1867. 2w

The Greatest Pain-reliever in the World.

Warranted superior to any other, or no pay, for the cure of Chronic Rheumatism, Toothache, Headache, Sore Throat, Mumps, Burns, Cuts, Insect stings, Pains in the Back, Chest, and Limbs, Spasms, Old Sores, Swellings; also, to take internally for Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Colic, Spasms, Sea Sickness, Vomiting, and Croup. It is perfectly innocent to take internally, if used according to the directions, and never fails, as thousands can attest. It was first introduced in 1847, and now millions of bottles are annually sold. Every one who has once used it, continues to do so, and recommend it to their friends as the most valuable medicine extant. Certificates enough to fill a dozen newspapers have been received by Dr. Tobias. His medicine, the Venitian Liniment, will do all that is stated, and more. No one will regret trying it. Those residing at a distance from a physician, will find it a reliable medicine to have on hand in case of accidents. Ask for Dr. Tobias' Venitian Liniment, and take no other. Price 50 cents and $1. Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 56 Cortlandt Street, N. Y.

July 22, 1867. 1m

In the Coral Caves

sea-green is said to be the prevailing color, and

THE FISH-TAILED MAIDENS

sit on the rocks and comb their green locks assiduously. But the

BELLES OF EARTH

prefer glossy browns and shining blacks to any other tinges, and if nature has not given their fair heads these beautiful hues, or if mischance has robbed them of their once exquisite beauty, they don't cry about it, but resort at once to

CRISTADORO'S HAIR DYE,

which in five minutes does all that nature ever did for any head in her happiest mood. Manufactured by J. CRISTADORO, 68 Maiden Lane, New York. Sold by all Druggists. Applied by all Hair Dressers.

July 22, 1867. 4t

A Card to the Ladies.

DR. DUPONCO'S GOLDEN PERIODICAL PILLS FOR FEMALES. Infallible in correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Turns, from Whatever Cause, and always Successful as a Preventive.

It is now over thirty years since the above-celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success, in every case, and it is only at the "urgent request" of the thousands of ladies who have used them, that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family where health will not permit it.

ONE PILL IS A DOSE.

Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition lest they "invite miscarriage," after which admonition, the Proprietor assumes no responsibility, although their guiltiness will prevent any mischief to health, otherwise the Pills are recommended as a MOST INVALUABLE REMEDY for all those afflicting complaints so peculiar to the sex.

ONE BOX IS SUFFICIENT.

10,000 Boxes have been sold within Two Years. Ten Thousand Boxes sent by Mail, both by myself and Agents, to all parts of the world, to which answers have been returned, in which is less say, nothing like the above Pills have been known since the Science of Medicine dawned upon the world, in Removing Obstructions and Restoring Nature to its Proper Channel, Quieting the Nerves and bringing back the "Rosy color of Health" to the cheek of the most delicate.

Price $1 per Box. Six Boxes $5.

Sold by JOHN S. FORNEY, Druggist, Sole Agent for Gettysburg, Pa.

Ladies, by sending him $1 through the Post Office, can have the Pills sent, (confidentially,) by Mail, to any part of the country, "free of postage."

Sold also by J. Spangler, Chambersburg; G. W. Neff, York; Coleman & Rogers and Brown Brothers, Wholesale Agents, Baltimore, and S. D. Howe, Proprietor, New York.

March 4, 1867.-1y

To Consumptives.

The advertiser, having been restored to health in a few weeks by a very simple remedy, after having suffered for several years with a severe lung affection, and that dread disease Consumption—is anxious to make known to his fellow sufferers the means of cure.

To all who desire it, he will send a copy of the prescription used (free of charge), with the directions for preparing and using the same, which they will find a sure cure for Consumption, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Throat and Lung Affections. The only object of the advertiser in sending the prescription is to benefit the afflicted, and spread information which he conceives to be invaluable, and he hopes every sufferer will try his remedy, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Parties wishing the prescription, free, by return mail, will please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
Williamsburg, Kings co., N. Y.

May 27, 1867. 1y

Errors of Youth.

A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, the recipe and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN B. OGDEN,
May 27, 1867. 1y 42 Cedar st., New York.

Deafness, Blindness and Catarrh,

Treated with the utmost success, by Dr. J. ISAACS, Oculist and Aurist, (formerly of Leyden, Holland,) No 519 PINE Street, Philadelphia. Testimonials from the most reliable sources in the City and Country can be seen at his office. The medical faculty are invited to accompany their patients, as no fee is charged in his practice. Artificial eyes inserted without pain. No charges made for examination.

Sept. 24, 1866 1y

SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC.

This medicine, invented by Dr. J. H. SCHENCK, of Philadelphia, is intended to dissolve the food and make it into chyme, the first process of digestion. By cleansing the stomach with Schenck's Mandrake Pills, the Tonic soon restores the appetite, and food that could not be eaten before using it will be easily digested.

Consumption cannot be cured by Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup unless the stomach and liver is made healthy and the appetite restored, hence the Tonic and Pills are required in nearly every case of consumption. A half dozen bottles of the SEAWEED TONIC and three or four boxes of the MANDRAKE PILLS will cure any ordinary case of dyspepsia.

Dr. SCHENCK makes professional visits in New York, Boston, and at his principal Office in Philadelphia every week. See daily papers of each place, or his pamphlet on consumption for his days for visitation.

Please observe, when purchasing, that the two likenesses of the Doctor, one when in the last stage of Consumption, and the other as he now is, in perfect health, are on the Government stamp.

Sold by all Druggists and Dealers, price $1.50 per bottle, or $7.50 the half dozen. All letters for advice should be addressed to Dr. SCHENCK'S Principal Office, No. 15 North 6th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

General Wholesale Agents: Demas Barnes & Co., N. Y.; S. S. Hance, Baltimore, Md.; John D. Parks, Cincinnati Ohio; Walker & Taylor, Chicago, Ill.; Collins Bros., St. Louis, Mo.

[Jan 27, '66, 1y

Marriage and Celibacy.

AN ESSAY OF WARNING AND INSTRUCTION TO YOUNG MEN. Also, Diseases and Abuses which permanently prostrate the Vital Powers, with sure means of relief. Sent free of Charge, in sealed envelopes. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. [Dec. 3, 1866. tocht'67

Latest Market Reports.

GETTYSBURG.

FLOUR,		10 00
RYE FLOUR,		6 00
WHITE WHEAT,	1 50 @	2 00
RED WHEAT,	1 50 @	2 00
CORN,		85
RYE,		1 00
OATS,		50
BUCKWHEAT,	58 @	70
HAY,	15 00 @	18 00
CLOVERSEED,	6 00 @	7 50
FLAXSEED,		2 00

BALTIMORE.

FLOUR,	9 00 @	11 00
WHEAT,	2 00 @	2 80
RYE,	1 40 @	1 45
CORN,	1 00 @	1 20
OATS,	75 @	80
HOGS, ₹ hund.,	10 00 @	10 25
BEEF CATTLE, ₹ hund.,	10 00 @	17 00
HAY,	22 00 @	27 00
WHISKEY,	2 33 @	2 35

Married.

On the 1st inst., in Arendtsville, by Rev. D. W. Wolff, Mr. WM. H. DEATRICH to Miss HARRIET E. GARDNER, all of Butler township.

On the 25th ult., by Rev. Dr. Hauer, Mr. WASHINGTON METZGAR to Miss EMMA DOROTHY, daughter of Mr. Henry Kohler, all of Abbottstown.

On the 20th ult., by J. C. Plitenturf, Esq., Mr. ROBERT GEIGER to Mrs. LYDIA CRIST, all of Adams county.

Died.

On the 31st ult., in this place, MARY ELIZABETH, infant child of Charles and Emma Ziegler, aged 4 months and 27 days.

Suddenly, on the 25th ult., near New Salem, Miss SARAH LOUISA HARTMAN, in the 30th year of her age.

At Hampton, on the 21st ult., DANIEL MILTON, infant son of John March, aged 1 year 1 month and 12 days.

On the 23d ult., in Philadelphia, very suddenly, Mr. JOHN H. DUPHORN, son of Samuel and Maria Duphorn, of Emmitsburg, Md., aged 31 years 1 month and 21 days.

In Philadelphia, July 30th, LIZZIE M., youngest daughter of James F. and Sarah G. Fahnestock, aged 4 years and 11 months.

At the residence of Mrs. Baer, near New Oxford, on the 13th ult., ALBERT McDERMOT, formerly of Carroll county, Md., aged 17 years.

On the 20th ult., Miss SUSAN R. WOLF, of Latimore township, aged 20 years 6 months and 20 days.

Small Farm and Town Property

AT PRIVATE SALE.—The undersigned offers at Private Sale, his FARM, situate in Straban township, Adams county, on the Harrisburg road, two miles from Gettysburg, containing 54 ACRES, improved with a one and a half story BRICK HOUSE, a good Barn, 56 feet long, a never-failing well of water, with a pump in it, a Young Apple Orchard, and other fruit. About 15 acres are in Timber, and there is a fair proportion of meadow. The land has nearly all been limed, and is in a productive condition.

He also offers a HOUSE AND LOT, on the south side of York street, in Gettysburg. The house is a two-story, weatherboarded, with an Out-kitchen. There is also a Stable on the lot.

Terms accommodating.

August 5, 1867. tf J. M. WALTER.

PRIVATE SALE

OF A HOUSE AND TWO LOTS OF GROUND.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, the following Real Estate, viz:

TWO LOTS OF GROUND,

situate in New Chester, Adams county, Pa., on the southeast corner of the Square, having thereon erected a Two-story WEATHER-BOARDED LOG HOUSE, Blacksmith Shop, and other buildings. This property is a good Store Stand; also for a Blacksmith.

There is an excellent well of water, with a pump in it, near the door, and a variety of fruit on the lots.

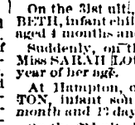
Persons wishing to view the property can do so by calling on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Aug. 5, 1867. 6t BENJAMIN EICHOLTZ.

DR. L. J. GROVE'S

UNIVERSAL

Magnetic Salve and Plaster.



This deservedly popular remedy, having been greatly *improved*, is now offered to the citizens of Adams county.

The many thousands who are daily using it, testify to its magical virtues in the early stages of *Consumption, Coughs, Sore Inflammation, Neuralgia, Sore and Tender Ache, Weakness and Pain in the Back, Side and Kidneys, Cancer, Scrofula, Old Sores, Erysipelas, Fresh Wounds, Burns, Bruises, Sore or Inflamed Breasts, Inverted Toe Nails, Corns, Bunions, &c., &c.*

Its mysterious virtues, and the wonderful cures it has performed, might be published; but the discoverer is willing to rely on its intrinsic merits, in order to introduce it into every family in the country.

Prepared only by the proprietor, 255 E. Lombard Street, Baltimore, and sold by A. D. BUEHLER, Dr. R. HORNER, and J. S. FORNEY, Gettysburg, and by the merchants of the county.

REFERENCES:—Henry Culp, of P., Andrew Schick, John Winebrenner, J. L. Schick.

☞ Merchants can get a supply by calling at J. WINEBRENNER'S at Wholesale Prices.

Aug. 5, 1867. 1y

Attention, Zouaves!

THE "Gettysburg Zouaves" will meet for Drill and business every TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at the Court-House, until otherwise ordered. By order of the Captain.

Aug. 5, 1867. tf WM. R. EYSTER, O. S.

ESTRAY SOW.

STRAYED away from the subscriber, in Straban township, Adams county, a LARGE WHITE SOW; with one ear off. Any person knowing of her whereabouts, will please let the subscriber know. WM. GALLAGHER,

Aug. 5, 1867. 3t New Chester P. O.

Administrator's Notice.

JOHN LENTZ'S ESTATE.—Letters of administration on the estate of John Lentz, late of Butler township, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, residing in Franklin township, he hereby gives notice to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement. ISAAC FRITZ,

Aug. 5, 1867. 6t Administrator.

Bordentown Female College,

BORDENTOWN, N. J.—An Institution for the careful and thorough instruction of Young Ladies in all the branches of a complete education. Board and tuition in the preparatory and Collegiate departments, $208 per year. Washing, Ancient and Modern Languages, and ornamental branches, extra. Winter Session opens September 19th. For Catalogues, address

REV. JOHN H. BRAKELEY, A. M.,
Aug. 5, 1867. 1m President.

NATIONAL HOTEL,

CASHTOWN, PA.,

E. P. KITTINGER, PROPRIETOR.

HAVING leased the above well-known House, and having thoroughly refurnished it, he is now prepared to entertain his friends and the public. The Cashtown Springs (connected with this House,) have also been re-fitted, and persons desiring to spend a few weeks or months in a healthy neighborhood, can find no more attractive place. Large Stabling accommodations, and the best of Liquors and Wines. Charges reasonable. E. P. KITTINGER.

Cashtown, Pa., July 22, 1867. 3m

FOR Delaines, Mohairs, Alpacas, Lustres, De Beges, Lawns, Plaids, Poplins, Challies, Silks, &c., the ladies should call and see the new styles at ROW & WOODS'.

PERSONS wishing PHOTOGRAPHS of their children will find it to their advantage to call at the Excelsior. C. J. TYSON, Gettysburg, Pa.

FOR nice Prints, Checks, Ginghams, Muslins, &c., go to ROW & WOODS'.

GET your PHOTOGRAPHS at TYSONS'.

TO OUR CUSTOMERS.

WE take pleasure in announcing to Dealers in Fertilizers, and the Agricultural public, that we have, within the past year increased our facilities for the manufacture of our RAW BONE PHOSPHATE, to an extent unequalled by any other House in the United States or Europe. These facilities not only include the enlargement of our old established works in Philadelphia, known as the DELAWARE RIVER AGRICULTURAL CHEMICAL WORKS, but also the purchase of extensive and well stocked works at Chicago, Ill., with all the necessary machinery, cars, &c., to conduct the business. This establishment alone has produced, annually, over 5,000 tons of dried Bones and Meal, and is capable of being largely increased. We desire, by the closest supervision, to conduct these two concerns so that our customers will derive a practical benefit from their consolidation, in obtaining a MANURE which shall maintain a standard and uniform quality, and at the lowest possible price.

BAUGH & SONS.

Peruvian Guano Substitute!

BAUGH'S

RAW BONE

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Proprietors & Manufacturers,
Delaware River Chemical Works,
PHILADELPHIA,
AND
Calumet Works,
CHICAGO.

☞ Farmers are recommended to purchase of the dealer located in their neighborhood. In sections where no dealer is yet established, the Phosphate may be procured directly from the undersigned. A priced Circular will be sent to all dealers who apply.

BAUGH & SONS,
Offices, No. 20 S. Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA,
AND
No. 229 Lake Street, Chicago.

BAUGH BROTHERS & CO.,
General Wholesale Agents,
No. 181 Pearl Street, corner of Cedar,
NEW YORK.

GEORGE DUGDALE,
Wholesale Agent for Maryland and Virginia,
97 and 107 South's Wharf,
BALTIMORE.

☞ We are prepared to Supply our Patent Sectional Mill to all Manufacturers for grinding Bones, Gunno and all other hard substances.

August 5, 1867. 3m

HERING'S

COMPOUND SYRUP OF

BLACKBERRY ROOT,

FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA MORBUS, &C.

SOLD BY

A. D. Buehler and Dr. R. Horner, Druggists, Gettysburg, Pa.

July 29, 1867. 2m*

HOUSE PAINTING.

GEORGE A. WARNER, HOUSE PAINTER,

South Washington st., Gettysburg, Pa.

GOOD WORK AND MODERATE PRICES.

July 29, 1867.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

IN pursuance of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Adams county and to me directed, will be exposed at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Gettysburg, on SATURDAY, the 10th day of AUGUST next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, viz:

A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Abraham Trostle, Joseph Sheely, Samuel Herlist, John Socks, Michael Bushman, and others, containing 236 ACRES, more or less, improved with a Two-story stone DWELLING HOUSE, a one and a half story Stone Back-building attached, a large Bank Barn, with the necessary sheds attached, Hog Stable, Wash House, Smoke House, Spring House, well of water with pump in it; also an Apple and Peach Orchard. The farm has about 60 acres of timber, and a sufficient quantity of meadow. The road from Gettysburg to Emmitsburg runs through the farm. Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of George W. Rose

ALSO,

A TRACT OF LAND,

situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of Nicholas Colori, George Welkert, Abraham Trostle, and others, containing 22 ACRES, more or less. The land is all cleared and under fence. Seized and taken in execution as the real estate of Henry C. Neinstedt, Sr., deceased, in the hands of Henry C. Neinstedt, Jr., Executor of said decedent.

PHILIP HANN, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, July 15, 1867. ts

☞ Ten per cent. of the purchase money upon all sales by the Sheriff must be paid over immediately after the property is struck down, or upon failure to comply therewith the property will again be put up for sale.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscribers, as Executors, will sell at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 21st day of SEPTEMBER next, on the premises,

THE FARM

of Henry Spalding, deceased, situate in Germany township, Adams county, Pa., about one mile from Littlestown, on the Gettysburg Turnpike, consisting of about 183 ACRES OF GOOD LAND, improved with a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, large Bank Barn, nearly new Wash House, Carriage House, and all other necessary out-buildings. There is a well of water at the door and a spring convenient, with a good ORCHARD of choice fruit. The property is well timbered and watered.

There is a tract of 45 ACRES OF EXCELLENT HEAVY TIMBER, adjoining the Farm, which will be sold with it, or in lots, to suit purchasers.

Persons wishing to view the property can do so by calling on Wm. Spalding, residing near by. The undersigned will attend at 9 o'clock, A. M., said day, to show persons desirous of purchasing wood lots, the situation of the same.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by

JAMES SPALDING,
D. C. SMITH,
July 22, 1867. Executors.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber will sell at Public Sale, on SATURDAY, the 14th day of SEPTEMBER next, a LOT OF LAND, situate in Irishtown, Oxford township, Adams county, consisting of nearly EIGHT ACRES OF LAND, improved with a good LOG DWELLING, with Back-building, Stable, Shop, Carriage House, &c. There is a well of water, with a pump in it, at the door; fences, &c., in good order, and a YOUNG ORCHARD of choice fruit. The property is convenient to churches, schools, mills, &c.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when attendance will be given and terms made known by D. C. SMITH.

July 22, 1867.

A GOOD FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, desiring to purchase a larger Farm, offers at Private Sale,

THE FARM

on which he resides, situate in Straban township, Adams county, within a mile and a half of Hunterstown, on the York Springs road—said Farm containing

106 ACRES, NEAT MEASURE,

and having thereon a roomy one and a half story LOG DWELLING HOUSE, a one and a half story Log Tenant House, a new Double Log Barn, 35 feet long, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, Hog House and all other out-buildings, with two splendid young Apple Orchards, and a general variety of fruit, grapes, &c. There is an excellent well of never-failing water between the house and barn. The land is under good cultivation, and highly productive. The fencing is good, mostly chestnut rails. There are due proportions of fine timber and meadow. The Farm adjoins Samuel and Anthony Deardorff, Henry Hoffman and others; is convenient to churches, school houses, stores and mechanic shops, and, on the whole, a very desirable property. All wishing to view it are requested to call on the subscriber, residing thereon. JACOB B. MILLAR.

June 17, 1867. 3m*

FOR SALE.

TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTY ACRES OF PRIME LIMESTONE LAND,

IN CLARK COUNTY, VA.,

one and a half miles from a Railroad Depot; good improvements, well fenced and watered; an abundance of good timber, and so arranged as to divide well into two farms. I have also other farm property for sale, all of which will be sold low, the object being to make a division of the estate. Those in search of land in this section, might do well to give me a call before purchasing elsewhere. For further information, call on or address THOS. N. LUPTON.

Winchester, Va.,
(who is agent for Hahn.)

June 24, 1867. tf

UMBRELLAS, Canes, &c., at NORRIS'.

CARROLLSBURG

FARM AND MILLS,

ON TOM'S CREEK,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, desiring to discontinue business, offers at Private Sale, his

HIGHLY VALUABLE REAL ESTATE,

situate on Tom's Creek, partly in Adams county, Pa., and partly in Frederick county, Md., on the Waynesboro' turnpike, two miles west of Emmitsburg, consisting of a first-rate

FARM, MILLS, WOOD-LAND, &C.

The FARM, which is under good cultivation and good fencing, contains say 250 ACRES, with due proportions of Meadow and Timber. The improvements are a large STONE MANSION HOUSE, with Back-buildings, three Tenant Houses, large Bank Barn, (56 by 102 feet,) Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, Carriage House, and other out-buildings; a never-failing well of water at the kitchen door, and a never-failing spring between the house and barn. There are two thriving young APPLE ORCHARDS on the premises, with a variety of other fruit. Also,

A FIRST-CLASS GRIST & MERCHANT MILL,

AND SAW MILL,

on a constant stream of water, with a fine run of custom; Cooper Shop, Miller's House, and other out-buildings. There is LIMESTONE on the Farm.

In addition to the above, the subscriber offers 200 ACRES OF TIMBERLAND, well set in valuable timber, adjoining the Farm.

The improvements with 200 or more acres can be bought separately, or all together, as the purchaser or purchasers may desire.

For further information inquire of the subscriber, residing on the premises.

JOSEPH P. McDIVIT.

July 15, 1867.

A VALUABLE FARM,

In Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa.,

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, having removed to the West, offers at Private Sale, his

VALUABLE FARM,

situate in Hamiltonban township, Adams county, Pa., one mile from Fairfield, containing about

TWO HUNDRED ACRES,

adjoining lands of Joseph Culbertson, J. S. Witherow, and others, and having thereon a nearly new Two-story Stone DWELLING HOUSE, with Two-story Kitchen, a nearly new Bank Barn, Wagon Shed and Corn Crib, and other out-buildings; a never-failing well of water at the door, and water in all the fields. There is on the premises a first-rate young APPLE ORCHARD, just coming into full bearing, with other fruit of different kinds. There is also on the farm a Two-story Log TENANT HOUSE, with Stable, and an excellent Orchard connected with the same.

The land is in a fine state of cultivation, having all been limed, whilst the fences are almost exclusively chestnut rail. Churches, school houses, mills, stores and mechanic shops, are convenient—all within a mile.

Persons wishing to view the premises, are requested to call on Isaac Herder, residing on Mush Creek, near F. Breaux's tavern, who will show the property and state terms.

JOHN H. BAUMGARDNER.

July 15, 1867.

A FREDERICK COUNTY FARM

AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned, intending to remove West, offers his FARM at Private Sale. It is situated on Linganore creek, in Frederick county, Md., 14 miles east of Frederick city, 5 miles northwest of Mt. Airy depot, on the B. & O. R. R., 3½ miles south of Unionville, and 5 miles southeast of Libertytown, containing 182 ACRES, 30 of which are in timber. The land is in good condition, adjoining limestone, and produces good crops. It has nearly all been limed over, some twice. There are some twenty acres of meadow or bottom land. The farm is well watered, Linganore running through it. The improvements are TWO HOUSES, one a Two-story Log, and the other a Two-story Frame, (new,) with a never-failing well of water at the door, Log Barn, large new Wagon and Carriage House, with Corn Cribs attached and Granaries above; a splendid young ORCHARD of choice fruit, just coming into full bearing, with different varieties of small fruits. Also, a Sorghum Mill and Evaporator, with house, and everything thereto, to carry on the business successfully.

Persons wishing to purchase are solicited to view the property by calling on the subscriber, residing thereon.

Persons wishing more information, or fuller particulars, either personally or by letter, I shall be pleased to answer them at any time. My Post Office address is Linganore, Frederick co., Md. MICHAEL HOFF.

June 24, 1867. 2m*

MORE NEW GOODS.

J. L. SCHICK invites the attention of his friends and customers to his large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

Comprised in part of

French Merinoes,
All Wool Poplins,
All Wool Delaines,
All Wool Plaids,
Plain Poplins,
Black and Fancy Silks,
Tamise Cloths,
Black & Colored Alpacas,
Black Cloths and Cassimeres,
Fancy Cassimeres,
Cassinets,
Jeans,
Flannels of all kinds,
Gloves and Stockings.

Also, a fine lot of Ladies'

FURS AND SHAWLS,

as well as an abundant variety of Notions, all of which will be sold cheap for cash.

J. L. SCHICK.

April 15, 1867.

The Quaker City Business College,

CORNER FIFTH & CHESTNUT STREETS,

PHILADELPHIA,

THE most complete and thoroughly appointed Commercial School in the Country.

Conducted upon the best system of Instruction, and offering advantages of the highest order in every Department.

IMPORTANT TO YOUNG MEN

who desire Success and Promotion in Business Life.

PRACTICAL EDUCATION FOR THE TIMES.

The Commercial Course embraces Book Keeping, Commercial Calculations, Penmanship, Correspondence, Business Forms, Customs of Trade, Commercial Law, the Art of Detecting Counterfeit Money, &c. This Course may be completed in three months.

DIPLOMAS

Awarded to Graduates, under seal and by authority of law, this being a regularly

INCORPORATED COLLEGE,

and the only one with similar powers in the State, or in the United States.

OTHER BRANCHES,

Telegraphing, the Higher Mathematics, Engineering, Surveying and Navigation.

BOOK KEEPING.

In the Department of Accounts this Institution is wholly unrivalled. The Treatise on this subject, published by the Proprietor, is everywhere acknowledged to be the best and most complete work extant, and being composed almost exclusively of sets obtained from Actual Business, presents a course of instruction such as can be secured by no other system. Book for sale, and sent by mail to any address, upon receipt of price, $3 50.

TELEGRAPHING,

Under the Superintendence of the well known Telegraph Operator, Superintendent and Engineer, J. N. WORL, Esq., whose experience and standing afford the highest guarantees of the right instruction, and whose influence is available for procuring Students situations.

YOUNG MEN

Invited to send for circulars, or visit the College for further information.

L. FAIRBANKS, A. M., President.
T. E. MERCHANT, Secretary.
July 29, 1867. 6m

ADAMS COUNTY NORMAL.

THE FALL TERM of the Adams County Normal School will open AUGUST 19th, and continue nine (9) weeks. Tuition $7, invariably in advance. The money will be refunded to any who may be compelled to leave on account of personal sickness. Board and lodging can be had in private families at reasonable rates. Early application should be made.

AARON SHEELY.

Gettysburg, July 15, 1867.

LARGE VIEWS of the Battle Field, singly, or in sets, very low. Also, STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS of the Battle Field at the Excelsior Gallery. Don't fail to see them. C. J. TYSON.

HEAD QUARTERS

FOR

CLOTHING.

PICKING SELLS COATS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS PANTS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS VESTS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS SHIRTS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS NOTIONS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS CLOCKS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS TRUNKS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS VIOLINS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS ACCORDEONS CHEAP.
PICKING SELLS VERY CHEAP.
CALL AND SEE HIM.

July 29, 1867.

CALL AT THE NEW STORE,

Opposite the Court House,

GETTYSBURG, PENN'A.

NEW GOODS AND LOW PRICES!

THE undersigned have opened a new Dry Goods Store, in Kendlehart's building, directly opposite the Court House, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, and start with a splendid stock, embracing everything to be found in a first-class establishment. Bought for cash, and at the latest decline, we can offer bargains that must astonish every one. Come and see for yourselves, and you will find what we here say verified. With good Goods, small profits, and fair and square dealing, we shall endeavor to deserve, what we most respectfully ask, a liberal share of public patronage.

We offer a fine assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS,

Cottonades, Vestings, Gloves, Suspenders, Neckties, and everything else in the Gentlemen's line. For the Ladies we have

SILKS, ALPACAS, POPLINS,

Berages, Lawns, Delaines, Ginghams, Calicoes, Gloves, Parasols, Hoop Skirts, Corsets, Hosiery, White Goods, with whatever else may be called for.

Also, a large stock of

MUSLINS, SHEETINGS, TICKINGS,

Carpeting, Queens-ware, Umbrellas, Window Shades, &c., &c.

Call at the New Store, opposite the Court House, and examine the stock, before purchasing elsewhere.

REBERT & ELLIOTT.

April 15, 1867.

DR. R. HORNER.

DRUGS, STATIONERY AND NOTIONS.

Gettysburg, Pa.

HIS own preparations are all guaranteed to answer the purposes intended.

Dr. R. Horner's ANTI-CHOLERA and DIARRHŒA MIXTURE, for all diseases of the stomach and bowels.

OLIEN for Chapped Hands.

FRAGRANT MYRRH, for preserving and beautifying the teeth, and for all diseases of the gums.

His TONIC and ALTERATIVE POWDERS, for Horses and Cattle, are superior to any in the market.

PURE LIQUORS for medical use. Prescriptions carefully filled.

Medical advice without charge.

June 10, 1867. tf

NEW AND CHEAP CLOTHING

AT BRINKERHOFF'S.

STACKS OF THEM!

J. BRINKERHOFF, corner of the Diamond and York street, has just returned from the city with an unusually attractive assortment of

CLOTHING FOR SPRING & SUMMER WEAR,

which he will sell at such prices as cannot fail to take them off very rapidly. Call and judge for yourselves. To look at the excellent material, tasteful cutting, and neat and substantial sewing, and then to get his low prices—callers cannot help but buy, when they see it so much to their interest to do so.

He has Coats, Pants, Vests, of all styles and materials;

Hats, Boots and Shoes;

Shirts, of all kinds, Hosiery, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Neck-ties, Cravats, Linen and Paper Collars, Suspenders, Brushes, Combs;

Trunks, Valises, Umbrellas, Pocket Knives, Segars, Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos, Pipes, Stationery, &c.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry, with a thousand and one other articles, entirely too numerous to detail in a newspaper advertisement.

He asks the attention of the public to his new stock, confident that it will please—and no one can or will sell cheaper. Don't forget the place—corner of York street and the Diamond, Gettysburg.

JACOB BRINKERHOFF.

April 29, 1867. tf

SELLING OFF!!!

THE FIRST SEMI-ANNUAL SALE FOR 1867

OF

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &C., &C.,

Commences Monday, July 22nd,

And will be continued Forty Days.

Our whole Summer Stock marked down, REGARDLESS OF COST, and from 30 to 50 per cent. less than regular prices, our object being to turn into cash Goods that would otherwise lie on our shelves, and *to make room for the largest Stock of Fall Goods we have ever had.*

MARK THE PRICES!

French Lawns from 22 to 35 cents.

Mozambiques from 20 to 30 cents.

Mohair Lustres from 25 to 40 cents.

Wool Delaines from 40 to 70 cents.

Alpacas from 35 to 70 cents.

3,000 yds. Delaines from 22 to 38 cents.

5,000 yds. Calicoes from 8 to 16 cents.

Bleached Muslins 1 yard wide from 12½ to 25 cents.

100 doz. Cotton Hosiery from 12½ to 20 cents.

50 dos. Ladies' Gloves from 10 to 40 cents.

200 Parasols and Sun Shades less than cost.

Buttons, Trimmings, Edgings, Collars, Silk Nets, Insertions, &c., will all be sold at a great loss.

100 doz. Linen Handkerchiefs from 12½ to 25 cents.

20 doz. Hoop Skirts will be sold at half price.

Cassimeres, all wool, from 70 cents to $1 50.

Jeans, Cottonades, &c., from 18 to 40 cents—only Auction Prices, cheaper than before the war.

Tickings from 20 to 40 cents.

Sheetings, Towelings, Table Cloths, &c., &c., marked down 40 per cent.

The largest Stock of Queens-ware and Glassware in the county offered at New York prices. Teas from 30 to 60 cents. Full Tea Sets from $5 50 to $6 50.

A child can buy as cheap as the most experienced. Attention and civility to all are our mottoes.

DUPHORN & HOFFMAN,

N. W. cor. of the Square,

July 22, 1867. Gettysburg, Pa.

TO keep dry, buy your Umbrellas at PICKING'S.

COUNTY TREASURER.

AT the solicitation of many friends, I offer myself a candidate for CO

WATCHES! WATCHES!!

[illegible]

is largely engaged in the Watch trade, and has just returned from New York with an unusually attractive assortment. He offers such bargains as cannot fail to be acceptable to buyers. His stock embraces a large lot of the

CELEBRATED "AMERICAN WATCHES,"

GOLD AND SILVER, viz:

"P. S. Bartlett," Wm. Ellery," and "Appleton & Tracy;"

with Watches of almost all other makes.

If you want a CHEAP and GOOD Watch, call on

LEWIS STROUSE,

At his old Stand, Carlisle street, nearly opposite the Depot, Gettysburg, Pa.

☞ He continues the Grocery, Notion and Confectionery business, as heretofore.

June 24, 1867. tf

NEW GOODS!

CHEAP—CHEAPER—CHEAPEST!

If you wish to buy good and cheap Goods, call at

JACOBS & BRO'S. STORE,

near Myers's Hotel, in CHAMBERSBURG ST., Gettysburg. They have the very best selection of goods, such as

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, &C.,

the market can produce, and are determined to sell them as cheap as can be sold anywhere in town or country. Any person wishing to have them CUT, can have it done free of charge. Those desiring goods MADE UP, can also be accommodated. We warrant the best work and the best fits to be had anywhere. No humbug in what we say.

We have on hand the very best and most durable

SEWING MACHINES,

and are always ready to wait on customers. Full satisfaction given in operating machines. Call and examine. We warrant them to be the best in use.

JACOBS & BRO.

April 8, 1867. tf

NEW BOOT & SHOE STORE,

NEW AND GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES.

THE undersigned has opened a new Boot and Shoe Store, on BALTIMORE STREET, one door south of the Presbyterian Church and nearly opposite McCreary's Stable store, where he offers an attractive assortment of goods in his line, all new and selected with the greatest care. He has

LADIES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
LADIES' COMMON GAITERS,
LADIES' BALMORAL BOOTS,
IN LARGE VARIETY.

GENTLEMEN'S CALF BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S KIP BOOTS,
GENTLEMEN'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS, ALL STYLES,
GENTLEMEN'S BALMORALS,
GENTLEMEN'S BROGANS, &C.

MISSES' CONGRESS GAITERS,
MISSES' BALMORAL GAITERS,
MISSES' MOROCCO BALMORALS,
&C., &C., &C., &C.

BOY'S CONGRESS GAITERS,
BOYS' CALF BALMORALS,
BOYS' BROGANS, &C., &C.

All will be sold at the lowest living profits. Buyers, from town and country, are invited to call and examine goods and prices before purchasing elsewhere. I am determined to sell cheap—a little cheaper than any other house in the county. By strict attention to business, and dealing fairly and squarely with everybody, I hope to merit and receive an encouraging share of public patronage.

The MANUFACTURING of Boots and Shoes will also be carried on, in all its branches. Boots, Shoes and Gaiters made to order. Repairing done on short notice—and no effort spared to give satisfaction. Having a lifetime experience at the business, I feel confident that I can please all who may call.

D. H. KLINGEL.

Gettysburg, June 24, 1867.

MORE NEW GOODS!

A. SCOTT & SONS have just received another fine assortment of NEW GOODS, consisting, in part, of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS,
Kentucky Jeans, and Tweeds, for Gentlemen's wear. Also a fine assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Our stock has been selected with great care, and we are prepared to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the county. We ask the public to give us a call and judge for themselves. We defy competition, both as to quality and price.

A. SCOTT & SONS.

April 15, 1867. tf

FRESH CONFECTIONARY AND ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity, that he has a Confectionary Establishment, one door east of the Eagle Hotel, on CHAMBERSBURG STREET, to which he would invite their attention.

CAKES, CANDIES, AND EVERY DESCRIPTION OF CONFECTIONS,

together with NUTS, ORANGES and all kinds of FRUITS, always on hand.

☞ PARTIES, public and private, as well as FAMILIES, will be furnished with all kinds of CAKES, ICE CREAM, in pyramidal form or otherwise, and other REFRESHMENTS, at their houses, upon short notice.

Having spent a life-time at the business, he flatters himself that he understands it, and that he is able to give entire satisfaction.

Call and see his Confectionary.

JOHN GRUEL.

May 28, 1866. tf

INSURE YOUR PROPERTY.

The Farmers' and Merchants' Insurance Company, of York, Penn'a.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Penn'a. in 1861.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL	$100,000 00
CAPITAL PAID IN	49,300 00
AVAILABLE ASSETS	52,971 17

INSURANCE can be made in this Company at as low rates as are consistent with the security of the Company and the parties insured, and on as accommodating terms as with any Company in the country.

No premium notes are taken and consequently no assessments will be made on its Policies.

This is an Inland Company, no risks will be taken in large cities.

More than half of its entire stock is owned by its Officers and Directors, which is a guarantee that its affairs will be so managed as to make it a safe company for insurance.

All losses promptly adjusted and paid without any delay.

Applications made through the Post Office, from any part of the country, will meet with immediate attention.

Office in the corner-room, Second Story of HARTMAN'S BUILDING, Centre Square, York.

President—HENRY WELSH,
Vice-President—DAVID E. SMALL.

Directors,

Philip A. Small,	John A. Weiser,
M. B. Spahr,	Geo. W. Ilgenfritz,
Charles A. Morris,	W. H. Kurtz, (of C.)
John F. Spangler,	Lewis Carl,
	David E. Small.

Treasurer—Charles Welser.
Secretary—T. Kirk White.

HENRY A. PICKING, Agent, Gettysburg,
F. & W. BOWERS, York Springs.

June 1, 1867. 3m

PIANOS! PIANOS!

CONRAD NARVESEN,

MANUFACTURER OF

FIRST CLASS PIANO FORTES,

No. 75 and 75 E. 23d Street, New York City.

THE undersigned invites the attention of the public and the trade generally, to these celebrated Instruments, of his own manufacture, built of the best seasoned materials, having all the latest improvements,

Cast Iron Frame, Overstrung Bass, French Grand Action, Large Scale.

These Piano Fortes are not surpassed for strength and beauty of finish, durability, purity, power, and singing quality of tone, by those of any maker in the country.

They are warranted for the full term of 7 years.

The inspection of the musical public is respectfully solicited. Liberal terms to Dealers, Teachers and Clergymen.

Circular Price List sent on application.

Address CONRAD NARVESEN,
71, 73 & 75 E. 23d St., New York City.

May 20, 1867. 3m

☞ In my absence, there will always be a thoroughly competent operator in charge of the Excelsior Gallery, and work of all kinds and under all circumstances must give satisfaction before it can leave our rooms. C. J. TYSON.

GO to DIFFENDERFFER & HOFFMAN'S, to buy your Dry Goods, Notions, Groceneware, &c., on the Northwest Corner of the Diamond, Gettysburg, Pa.

WE have just received a new assortment of Groceneware, to which we invite the attention of buyers. A. SCOTT & SON.

CLEAN FACES.—Just received another supply of Razors, Strops, Brushes and Soap, at BOW & WOOD'S

THE BEST WASHING MACHINE.

THE undersigned offers for sale, the TOWNSHIP RIGHTS of Adams county, for DE LONG'S PATENT, which is the CHEAPEST, SIMPLEST and BEST WASHER that has yet been offered to the public. The Rights will be sold on reasonable terms. This is a fine opportunity for energetic men to make GOOD WAGES manufacturing or selling these machines. A sample machine will be furnished any person who purchases a Right, if desired, at cost. Call at the store of Duphorn & Hoffman, N. W. cor. Square, where the machines may be seen and tried.

FRANK. D. DUPHORN.

Gettysburg, June 24, 1867. tf

NEW SADDLER SHOP.

ON the Hill, Baltimore street, Gettysburg, Pa. —Constantly on hand, or made to order, all kinds of

RIDING SADDLES,
WAGON SADDLES,
CARRIAGE HARNESS,
DRAUGHT HARNESS,
RIDING BRIDLES,
BLIND BRIDLES,
COLLARS,
FLY NETS, &c.

as low as the lowest,

J. M. ROWE.

June 24, 1867. tf

TIN-WARE AND STOVES.

THE LARGEST ASSORTMENT OF TIN-WARE IN THE COUNTY, AT

S. G. COOK'S,

(former Andrew Polley's;) also some of THE BEST COOKING STOVES IN MARKET, among which are the

OLD DOMINION,
COMPROMISE,
PENNSYLVANIA,
NOBLE COOK,
ECONOMIST,
BARLEY SHEAF, &c.

Also, many other articles for Kitchen use, which will be sold as low as at any other place in the county.

S. G. COOK.

June 21, 1867. tf

TO THE BUILDING COMMUNITY AND ALL OTHERS

WHO WISH TO IMPROVE.

THE undersigned respectfully informs the public that he still continues the

CARPENTERING BUSINESS,

at his old stand, on West street, Gettysburg, and is ready at all times to accommodate those wanting anything done in his line. He is prepared to furnish all kinds of work for building purposes, of the best material, and as neatly and cheaply as it can be done at any other establishment in the county. Experienced hands always in readiness and work executed with promptness and dispatch.

☞ Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by attention to business, to receive a liberal share of public patronage. WM. CHRITZMAN.

June 17, 1867. tf

WM. C. STALLSMITH,

GETTYSBURG, PA.,

CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR,

KEEPS constantly on hand and manufactures to order,

DOORS, SHUTTERS, BLINDS, SASH, DOOR AND WINDOW FRAMES, CORNICE, DOOR & WINDOW BRACKETS,

And any other Article in the Building Line.

Seasoned material constantly on hand, experienced workmen always in readiness, and work executed with dispatch.

☞ Orders promptly attended to.

June 17, 1867. tf

GREEN RIDGE!

☞ NEW STORE AND NEW GOODS! ☜

JOHN NORBECK

HAS commenced Store-keeping at GREENRIDGE, in Hamilton township, Adams co., on the Hampton turnpike, and would inform the public that he has just returned from the city with an excellent assortment of

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARD-WARE, QUEENS-WARE, CEDAR-WARE, TINWARE, CANDIES, NOTIONS,

Tobaccos, &c., &c.—indeed, a full and complete line of Goods, to suit the necessities and tastes of all. His prices are as low as the very lowest—Calicoes at 10 cents and Muslins at 11 cents, as instances.

He feels that his goods and prices will be satisfactory to the public, and therefore invites a large share of custom, from near and far. Don't forget the advice—the Green Ridge Store is the place to get the full worth of your money.

April 22, 1867. tf

1867. REMOVAL. 1867.

A. R. FEISTEL,

Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry,

HAS removed his Store to YORK STREET, next door to Boyer & Sons's Grocery, and directly opposite the Gettysburg National Bank, where he has on hand, and is constantly receiving, large supplies of

CLOCKS,

from the best Manufactories in the United States; all styles, Regulator, Office, Eight-day and Twenty-four hour Clocks, with and without Alarm Attachment—all warranted, and will be sold cheap. Prices from $3 50 to $9 50.

WATCHES,

of American and Foreign manufacture; Gold and Silver, Hunting-case and Open-faced Levers, Detached Levers, Straight Line, White Movement, Lepines, Railroad, Time-keepers and Timing Watches, all warranted—at prices ranging from $13 to $75.

JEWELRY.

A splendid assortment of Rings, chased and plain, Wedding Rings, Rings suitable for Gifts, Silver Rings, and Gutta Percha Rings, Ladies' Breast-pins and Ear-rings of all styles and prices, Gent's Pins of all kinds, Masonic, Odd Fellows, Red Men, and Templar's. Gold Pens and Pencils, Napkin Rings, Silver Thimbles, Spectacles, silver, plated and steel, a large variety of Gold and Silver Vest and Curb Chains, Gent's Bosom Studs, Sleeve Buttons, Lockets, Charms, &c., &c., sold CHEAPER THAN THE CHEAPEST.

Clocks, Watches, Jewelry and Musical Instruments of every description REPAIRED to order, and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore extended to him, he hopes, by doing good work, at reasonable prices, to merit the continuance of the same.

A. R. FEISTEL.

Gettysburg, April 15, 1867. tf

Photograph Albums.

THE largest, most beautiful and cheapest lot of PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS ever offered in Gettysburg, just received at the EXCELSIOR GALLERY. Albums holding 50 Pictures only $1 75. Our stock comprises over 30 different styles, among which are the celebrated everlasting Chain and Hinge Back. These Albums we have bought low and are determined to sell lower than the same qualities can be bought anywhere in this county or out of it. C. J. TYSON.

Jan. 2, 1867.

SHINGLES.

PRIME SHINGLES, the best in the market, for sale at JACOB SHEADS'S new Lumber Yard, on the Railroad, adjoining the Lime Kilns, Gettysburg.

Nov. 20, 1866. tf

THE rush is for the Excelsior Gallery. All are waited on in rotation and with dispatch.

C. J. TYSON.

PHOTO MINIATURES, at the Excelsior Gallery, are superb and furnished at one-third city prices. Call and examine specimens.

C. J. TYSON.

A SUPERIOR quality of the London Draft HAMES, with or without fastenings, for sale by D. MCCREARY & SON.

KISSINGER & SHERMAN,

NO. 2 WEST MARKET STREET, *YORK, PA.,*

AGENTS AND DEALERS IN

PIANOS & CABINET ORGANS, MELODEONS, AND ALL KINDS OF MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

respectfully inform the public that they are prepared to furnish Pianos of the following manufacture or of any other make that may be preferred:

Albright, Eelkes & Schmidt,
Chickering & Son, Bradbury,
Mauhe & Son, Gale & Son,

ESTEY'S CELEBRATED

COTTAGE, HARMONIC AND BOUDOIR *ORGANS AND MELODEONS.*

These Instruments stand unrivalled by any thing found in this country or in Europe, as is admitted by all impartial judges. The most eminent Pipe Organ Builders and Performers, the first in discriminating excellence in reed Tone, pronounced them vastly superior to all others for exceedingly quick articulation and round Tone, the essential feature in instruments of this class. We invite the severe scrutiny and criticism of all.

PATENT VOX HUMANA TREMOLO.

This late and most wonderful invention (so acknowledged by all leading artists) will be found only in the Estey instruments, in attempting to describe the effect of this stop, we are at loss for language. Its beauties cannot be written, but must be heard to be appreciated. By this stop an ordinary performer can produce an effect which requires a life time of practice for an artist upon a violin. It entirely changes the reed Tone, giving the sympathetic sweetness of the human voice, making it so melodious and pure that it never fails to enchant the listener.

THE HARMONIC ORGAN

for Churches, Public Halls and Parlors has a powerful sub-Bass with independent reeds, Harmonic attachment and Vox Humana Tremolo, and is believed to be the most powerful reed organ made, being nearly equal to a Pipe Organ of three times the cost.

All instruments warranted for five years.

☞ BRASS BANDS supplied with instruments and music at reasonable terms.

A liberal discount allowed for Churches and Sabbath Schools.

☞ Instructions given both in Vocal and Instrumental Music, at our rooms, and at pupils' homes, either to individuals or classes, on reasonable terms.

Dec. 17 1863. tf

HARDWARE AND GROCERIES.

THE subscribers have just returned from the cities with an immense supply of

HARDWARE & GROCERIES,

which they are offering at their old stand in Baltimore street, at prices to suit the times. Our stock consists in part of

BUILDING MATERIALS,
CARPENTER'S TOOLS,
BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS,
COACH FINDINGS,
SHOE FINDINGS,
CABINET MAKER'S TOOLS,
HOUSEKEEPER'S FIXTURES,
ALL KINDS OF IRON, &c.,
GROCERIES OF ALL KINDS,
OILS, PAINTS, &c., &c.

There is no article included in the several departments mentioned above but what can be had at this store. Every class of Mechanics can be accommodated here with tools and findings, and Housekeepers can find every article in their line. Give us a call, as we are prepared to sell as low for cash as any house out of the city.

JOEL B. DANNER,
DAVID ZIEGLER.

Gettysburg, May 15, 1864.

NEW DRUG STORE, IN NEW OXFORD.

THE undersigned has opened a Drug Store in New Oxford, Adams county, and respectfully calls the attention of the public to his stock of

PAINTS,
OILS,
VARNISHES,
DYE-STUFFS,
WINDOW GLASS,
PATENT MEDICINES,

and a full assortment of DRUGS; in a word a complete stock of Goods generally kept in a first-class Drug Store. All of which have been purchased during the past two weeks, and will be sold low. All the articles formerly manufactured at the old establishment in East Berlin can be had here. Understanding his business perfectly, and selecting his goods himself, he is able to warrant his Drugs pure and as represented. The public are requested to give him a trial.

D. M. MILLER.

New Oxford, May 6, 1867. 6m

SEWING MACHINES.

The Grover & Baker.—The Best in Use.

THESE Machines have become so well known that little need be said by way of recommendation. They have taken the first premium at all the late State Fairs, and are universally acknowledged to be the best in use by all who have tried them. The "Grover & Baker Stitch" and the "Shuttle Stitch" are points that have been attained by no other Machine. They are the only machines that sew and embroider with perfection. These Machines are peculiarly adapted to family use. They sew backward, sew directly from the spool without rewinding, and are simple in their construction. They are easy to manage, and can be worked by almost any child. Every family should have one. *They save labor, they save time, and they save money,* and do their work better than it can be done by hand.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for the above Machines, has established an Agency in Fairfield, Adams county, where he will always have on hand a supply. Persons wishing to buy will please call and examine for themselves.

☞ Needles and Thread will also be supplied.

J. S. WITHEROW, Agent,
Fairfield, Adams county, Pa.

Aug. 27, 1866. tf

JUST PUBLISHED.

THE NEW WORK ON SINGING.

BASSINI'S

TWENTY MELODIC EXERCISES,

IN FORM OF

SOLFEGGIOS FOR SOPRANO OR MEZZO SOPRANO VOICES,

INTENDED AS

Studies to acquire the Art of Singing.

"THESE exercises were composed to be used simultaneously with his system, THE ART OF SINGING, or with any *other method* for the cultivation of the voice, and will take the place of CONCONE'S SOLFEGGIOS; being more melodious and better adapted for teaching.

"Some of these exercises are specially beautiful as well as useful, a mingling of the *dulce et utile*, which secures the interest as well as the improvement of the student. The various styles developed in these exercises render them invaluable in an educational point of view, as they tend to enlarge the intelligence and appreciation, and at the same time form the taste of the pupil. They must be studied carefully with reference to the innumerable marks of expression and forms of ornamentation. Upon the minute accuracy with which these are accomplished depends the actual sterling advancement of the pupil; any evasion or slurring in these respects is time and effort wasted, while, on the other hand, a close and patient investigation, and a minutely faithful execution of them, will give unexpected power and facility, and open to the student the means and resources by which great artists produce their most brilliant and profound effects."—*Watson's Art Journal.*

IN TWO VOLUMES.

Price, each, in Boards, Retail.....$2 00
" " Cloth, Retail..... 2 50

A Sample Copy sent by Mail, post-paid, on receipt of Wholesale Price, $1 50.

Published by

WM. HALL & SON,
No. 543 Broadway, New York.

Publishers and dealers in Music, and Manufacturers of FLUTES, FIFES, FLAGELETS, &c., &c., &c. Send for catalogue of prices.

July 15, 1867. $12

CHAS. A. WESTCOTT. L. LOUIS GEORGE.

WESTCOTT & GEORGE,

SUCCESSORS TO

PHILIP WILSON & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

GUNS, PISTOLS, RIFLES,

Cricket and Base Ball Implements,

FISHING TACKLE, SKATES,

Croquet, Archery, &c.,

No. 409 Chesnut street, Philadelphia.

May 13, 1867. 6m

H. F. DEBRING & BRO.,

FRESCO AND ORNAMANTAL PAINTERS,

FREDERICK CITY, MD.,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public that they are prepared to FRESCO CHURCHES, HALLS, PRIVATE RESIDENCES, &c., in the most approved styles, modern or ancient. All work warranted to give *satisfaction as to taste,* durability and cheapness.

April 22, 1867. 6m

$20.00. AGENTS WANTED—$100 00—Male and Female, to introduce our NEW PATENT STAR SHUTTLE SEWING MACHINE. It is adapted for family use and Tailoring. It makes a stitch alike on both sides. Price only TWENTY DOLLARS. Extraordinary inducements to Agents. For full particulars, address DUMONT & WILSON,
630 ARCH Street,
July 1, 1867. 3m Philadelphia, Pa.

CONSTANTLY on hand, an assortment of Fine FRAMES, PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS, Cards and Baskets for grasses from the Battle-field. PHOTOGRAPHS of our Generals and other distinguished individuals at the Excelsior Gallery.

C. J. TYSON.

GOOD for the eyes, to call and look through the Extensive stock of all kinds of Coats, a variety of Pants and neat styles of Vests at PICKING'S.

WE are always glad to see our friends at the Excelsior. It still stands in the same old place, on York street, opposite the Bank, Gettysburg, Pa. C. J. TYSON.

IRON—IRON—IRON!

GETTYSBURG FORGE.

THE subscribers respectfully inform the public that they have received a Forge in connection with their Steam Mill, and are now manufactring

FORGED AND HAMMERED IRON,

such as Plough, Horse-shoe and Bar Iron, and respectfully invite Blacksmiths and Dealers to give them a call, feeling satisfied that they will be able to please as to quality, finish and price.

BRINGMAN & WARREN.

N. B.—The highest market price paid for wrought and scrap iron. B. & W.

Dec. 17, 1866.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICES OF DRY GOODS,

Groceries, Hard-ware, Queensware, &c.,

AT J. C. ZOUCK & SON'S, NEW OXFORD, PA.

WE have just returned from the city, where we bought a very large and well selected stock of all kinds of goods, suitable in our line, under

THE LATE DECLINE.

Our stock consists in part of FRENCH MERINOES, FRENCH COBOURGS, Delanes, Calicoes, Plaids, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins; a large assortment of Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, Gloves, &c.

MEN'S WEAR, consisting in part of Broad and Beaver Cloths, Black and Fancy Cassimers, Cassinets, Plain and Fancy Flannels, Under-shirts and Drawers, BOOTS, SHOES, HATS, and CAPS, Driving and Buckskin Gloves.

A complete assortment of GROCERIES, at low rates.

HARD-WARE, such, as Tire Iron, Spring, Shear, Blister and Cast Steel, Horse Shoe Bar, Nail Rods, Hammered Iron, Nails, Spikes, Shovels and Forks, Door Locks, Pad Locks, Latches, Hinges and Screws, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, &c.

CHINA AND QUEENS-WARE, by the set.

Thankful for past patronage, we hope to merit the same in the future.

J. C. ZOUCK & SON.

New Oxford, April, 1867. ly

Important

TO ALL PERSONS!

HENDRICKS & WARREN have purchased the Store formerly occupied by J. A. Grimes, and latterly by G. H. Swope, where they will keep constantly on hand a complete assortment of

GROCERIES.

including Syrups, Coffees, Sugars, Teas, Bacon, Flour, Feed, Rice, Potatoes, Salt, Tobacco, &c., with every article to be found in a first-class Grocery. Also CONFECTIONS, NOTIONS and FANCY ARTICLES.

They hope to receive a share of public patronage, and earnestly solicit a continuance of the custom heretofore given to the establishment.

JOHN HENDRICKS,
HIRAM WARREN.

Gettysburg, April 8, 1867.

MANHOOD:

HOW LOST, HOW RESTORED.—Just published, a new edition of DR. CULVERWELL'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the RADICAL CURE (without medicine) of SPERMATORRHŒA, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Incapacity, Impediments to Marriage, etc; also, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance.

☞ Price, in a sealed envelope, only 6 cents.

The celebrated author, in this admirable essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife—pointing out a mode of cure at once simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically.

☞ This Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land.

Sent, under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, postpaid, on receipt of six cents, or two post stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, P. O. box 4,586.

Feb. 25, 1867. ly

A LECTURE TO YOUNG MEN.

JUST PUBLISHED, in a sealed Envelop. Price Six cents. A Lecture on the Nature, Treatment and Radical Cure of Spermatorrhœ, or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Emissions, Sexual Debility, and Impediments to Marriage generally. Nervousness, Consumption, Epilepsy, and Fits; Mental and Physical Incapacity, resulting from Self-Abuse, &c.—ROBERT J. CULVERWELL, M. D., Author of the "Green Book," &c.

The world-renowned author, in this admirable Lecture, clearly proves from his own experience that the awful consequence of Self-Abuse may be effectually removed without medicine, and without dangerous surgical operations, bougies, instruments, rings or cordials, pointing out a mode of cure at once certain and effectual, by which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. This Lecture will prove a boon to thousands and thousands.

Sent under seal, in a plain, sealed envelop, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps. Also Dr. Culverwell's "Marriage Guide," price 25 cents. Address the publishers,

CHAS. C. J. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York, Post Office Box 4,586.

May 20, 1867. 3m

VALUABLE PROPERTIES FOR SALE.

JOHN C. ZOUCK, LAND AGENT,
NEW OXFORD, ADAMS COUNTY, PA.,

Has for sale a number of desirable properties, to which he asks the attention of those wishing to purchase.

A LARGE FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, with Dwelling, situated in a county seat, near Railroad and Depot. Good chance for doing all kinds of work. Also, several Town Lots will be sold with the above property if desired.

A FARM OF 160 ACRES, in Adams county, with good Stone House, good Barn, &c., near a turnpike and railroad.

FORTY ACRES, with good House, Barn, &c., three quarters of a mile from a railroad station. A good chance; terms easy.

A FARM OF 350 ACRES, in Adams county, three miles from a railroad and good market. This farm can be divided into two farms, there being already two sets of improvements on the tract.

A FARM OF 105 ACRES, on the Carlisle turnpike, under good cultivation, with a large Brick House, Bank Barn, and other out-buildings, all new.

A LARGE FLOUR MILL, with 25 Acres of land. The mill has four pair of Burrs, and all machinery for doing merchant work. Best water power in the county.

A FARM OF 175 ACRES, near the Hanover turnpike, on which is erected a good House, Barn, and all other necessary out-buildings.

A FARM OF 195 ACRES, in Adams county, on which is erected a good House, Barn and other out-buildings.

18 ACRES OF WOODLAND, 2 miles from New Oxford.

A FARM OF 200 ACRES, good land, with large Brick House, Barn, and 2 Tenant Houses—40 acres in wood—half a mile from the Conowago Chapel.

A FARM of 180 Acres—225 can be purchased—2½ miles from Gettysburg, near Chambersburg pike; large weather-boarded House, Bank Barn, &c; 40 acres in wood. The Farm has been recently limed.

A FARM of 120 Acres, with good House and Barn; 15 acres in wood.

A HOTEL, in New Oxford, two-story, roomy and convenient for business. Good chance; terms easy.

Also, a number of good Houses and Lots for sale in New Oxford.

Persons who wish to buy Real Estate, as well as those who wish to sell, are requested to give the subscriber a call at his store in New Oxford. Address,

JOHN C. ZOUCK, Land Agent,
New Oxford, Adams county, Pa.

April 1, 1867. 1y

LAWRENCE D. DIETZ & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FANCY GOODS,

NOTIONS,

HOSIERY and

VARIETIES,

No. 306 West Baltimore Street,
Between Howard & Liberty Streets,
May 7, 1866. Baltimore, Md.

Money, Free as Water.

10,000 ACTIVE Local and Traveling Agents, Male or Female, of all ages, are wanted to solicit trade in every City, Town, Village, Hamlet, Workshop and Factory throughout the entire world, for the most saleable novelties ever known.—500 PER CENT. PROFIT and READY SALE WHEREVER OFFERED!! Smart men and women can make from $5 to $50 per day, and no risk or loss! A small capital required of from $20 to $100—the more money invested the greater the profit. No Money required in advance—we first send the articles and receive pay afterwards! If you actually wish to make money rapidly and easily, write for full particulars and address

MILNOR & CO., (From Paris,)
210 Broadway, New York City.

Feb. 25, 1867.

IN order to prove the assertions made in favor of procuring PHOTOGRAPHS at the Excelsior Gallery, call and sit for your PICTURE. No charge will be made unless you are pleased with the result and choose to leave your order.

C. J. TYSON.

LADIES wanting a good article of Perfumery, Fancy Soap, or Hair Brushes, can be supplied at J. L. SCHICK'S.

NEW GOODS.—Norris has just returned from the city with a large assortment of Clothing. Call and examine them. [May 6, '6

SWAN'S GROCERY.

JOHN M. SWAN has just received a splendid assortment of FRESH GROCERIES, at his Store on the corner of the Public Square, in Gettysburg,

SUGARS.

The finest lot of Sugars ever brought to Gettysburg, and very cheap.

COFFEE.

His Coffee is superior to any offered in the place. If you don't believe it come and see.

MOLASSES.

If you want the best Syrups and Molasses in town you will find them at Swan's.

QUEENSWARE.

His stock of Queensware, Dishes, Lamps, &c., is full, cheap and good. Every style and price.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

His Cigars and Tobacco are of superior quality. Acknowledged by good judges to be the best in the market.

CANDIES AND NOTIONS.

Particular attention paid to this department. A full supply of Candies, Nuts, Fruits, Soaps, Fancy Article, in short, any and everything usually found in a first-class Grocery. In buying in my stock I was careful to know what I was buying, and am now prepared to sell not only GOOD Groceries, but to sell them very cheap. Give me a call and judge for yourselves.

JOHN M. SWAN.

Nov. 5, 1866

CHEAP FOR CASH!

NEW STORE! GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &C.

The undersigned has returned to Gettysburg, and opened a new Store, on Baltimore street, next door to the Post Office, and nearly opposite the Court House, where he offers for sale, CHEAP FOR CASH, a large and choice assortment of Groceries,—

SUGARS, COFFEES, TEAS, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, SALT, &C., with FISH,

BACON, LARD, &C.

Also, Liquors,—

WINES, BRANDIES, GINS, WHISKIES, RUMS,

and everything else in the line.

Also, any quantity of Notions, to suit any and everybody.

Recollect this is the place to buy CHEAP FOR CASH.

GEO. F. KALBFLEISCH.

April 23, 1867.

MORO PHILLIPS'

GENUINE IMPROVED

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME,

STANDARD GUARANTEED.

FOR SALE AT MANUFACTURER'S DEPOTS,

No. 27 North Front Street, Philadelphia,

AND

No. 25 South Street, Baltimore,

And by Dealers in general throughout the Country.

The SOMBRERO GUANO of which MORO PHILLIPS' PHOSPHATE is and always has been manufactured, (and of which he has sole control for the United States,) contains fifty per cent. more Bone Phosphate than Raw Bone, therefore it is more durable. The addition of ammonia gives it greater fertilizing value.

Over six years' experience has proved to the Farmer that it makes a heavier grain than even stable manure, and is not only lasting but lasting.

MORO PHILLIPS,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,

☞ Price $58 per ton of 2,000 lbs. Discount to Dealers.

March 4, 1867. 9m

Peruvian Guano Substitute!

BAUGH'S

RAW BONE

SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME.

BAUGH & SONS,
Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers,

Delaware River Chemical Works,
PHILADELPHIA, U. S. A.

For WHEAT, RYE, BARLEY, CORN, OATS, POTATOES, TOBACCO, BUCKWHEAT, SORGHUM, TURNIPS, HOPS, GARDEN VEGETABLES, and every Crop and Plant.

Especially recommended to growers of STRAWBERRIES, RASPBERRIES, BLACKBERRIES, and all SMALL FRUITS.

More than 13 years of regular use upon all descriptions of Crops grown in the Middle and Southern States, has given a high degree of popularity to this MANURE, which places its application now entirely beyond a mere experiment.

BAUGH'S RAW BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE OF LIME is eminently successful as a substitute for Peruvian Guano and Stable Manure—and is offered to the Agriculturists of the Northern and Eastern States as a fertilizer that will cheaply restore to the soil, those essentials which have been drained from it by constant cropping and light manuring.

It is very prompt in its action—is lasting in effect to a degree unattained by any commercial manure in the market, and is provided at a much less cost than *bought* Stable Manure, or Peruvian Guano. The Labor involved in its use is far less than that of applying stable manure, while there is no risk from the introduction of noxious weeds.

☞ Farmers are recommended to purchase of the dealer located in their neighborhood. In sections where no dealer is yet established the Phosphate may be procured directly from the undersigned. A Priced Circular will be sent to all who apply.

Our NEW PAMPHLET, "*How to Maintain the Fertility of American Farms*"—36 pages, giving full information in regard to the use of manures, &c., will be furnished gratis on application.

BAUGH & SONS,
Office No. 20 South Delaware Avenue,
PHILADELPHIA.

BAUGH BROTHERS & CO.,
General Wholesale Agents,
No. 181 Pearl street, corner of Cedar,
N. W. YORK.

GEORGE DUGDALE,
Wholesale Agent for Maryland and Virginia,
97 & 105 South Wharves,
BALTIMORE.

March 18, 1867. 6m

W. E. BIDDLE. H. S. BENNER.

100.000 BUSHELS GRIAN WANTED.

NEW FIRM AT THE OLD WAREHOUSE.

WM. E. BIDDLE & CO. would inform the public that they have leased the Warehouse on the corner of Stratton street and the Railroad, in Gettysburg, where they will carry on

THE GRAIN AND PRODUCE BUSINESS,

in all its branches. The highest prices will always be paid for Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Clover and Timothy seeds, Flaxseed, Butter, Hay and Straw, Dried Fruits, Soap, Hams, Shoulders and Sides, Potatoes, with everything else in the country produce line.

GROCERIES.—On hand, for sale, Coffees, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Teas, Spices, Salt, Cheese, Vinegar, Mustard, Starch, Brooms, Buckets, Blacking, Soaps, &c. Also COAL OIL, Fish Oil, Tar, &c. FISH of all kinds; Spikes and Nails; Smoking and Chewing Tobaccos.

They are always able to supply a first rate article of Flour, with Bran and Middlings Feed.

Also, Ground Plaster, with Guanos and other fertilizers. COAL, by the bushel, ton or car load.

They will run a

LINE OF FREIGHT CARS,

from Gettysburg to Baltimore once every week. They are prepared to convey Freight either way, in any quantity, at REDUCED RATES. They will attend, if desired, to the making of purchases in the city, and delivering the goods promptly in Gettysburg. Their cars run to the Warehouse of Nathan Roop & Co., 128 North Howard st., near Franklin, Baltimore, where freight will be received at any time. They invite the attention of the public to their line assuring them that they will spare no effort to accommodate all who may patronize them.

BIDDLE & BENNER.

April 16, 1866. tf

Empire Shuttle Sewing Machines

ARE superior to all others for FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.

Contain all the latest improvements; are speedy; noiseless; durable; and easy to work.

Illustrated Circulars Free. Agents wanted.—Liberal discount allowed. No consignments made.

Address EMPIRE S. M. CO., 616 Broadway, New York. (Sept. 17, 1866, 1y

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

HENRY W. OVERMAN,

COMMISSION MERCHANT

AND

DEALER IN LEATHER,

No. 14 South Third Street, Philadelphia,

☞ Consignments solicited.

Dec. 10, 1866. 1y*

NOTICE.

THE subscriber, having thoroughly repaired his Grist and Saw Mill, formerly "McIlhenny's Mill," on Marsh Creek, is prepared to do GRINDING and SAWING of every kind as short notice. He solicits the patronage of the neighborhood and will guarantee satisfaction. Give him a call. GEORGE GINGELL.

June 10, 1867. tf

PRICES at the Excelsior cannot be undersrated while the quality and style of PICTURES cannot be surpassed. Call and examine.

C. J. TYSON.

NEW LUMBER YARD.

THE undersigned has opened a LUMBER YARD, on the Railroad, near Gutman & Reilly's Lime Kilns, Gettysburg, and asks the public to give him a call. His assortment is one of the best ever offered here, and his prices afford only the smallest living profit. He has

WHITE PINE PLANK, INCH AND HALF INCH BOARDS, FLOORING,